

INDEX

| 1. TECHNICAL CARACTERISTICS | HOW TO SAVE THE RECORDING ON A USB FLASH DRIVE | |
|---|---|------|
| 2. INTRODUCTION | HOW TO RECALL A SEQUENCE FROM A USB FLASH DRIVE HOW TO DELETE A SEQUENCE FROM A USB FLASH DRIVE | |
| MUSIC STAND | 14. LESSONS TO LEARN RIGHT AWAY (MAESTRO-LESSONS) | 15 |
| POWER SUPPLY4 | DISPLAY DIRECTIONS | . 15 |
| MAINS SUPPLY 4 | 1 st LEVEL: TEMPO OF THE SONG | . 15 |
| BATTERY SUPPLY 4 | 2 nd Level: The Notes of the Melody | |
| MICROPHONE 5 | 3 rd LEVEL: THE SONG MELODY | . 16 |
| CONNECTING THE MICROPHONE 5 | 4 th LEVEL: THE SONG CHORDS | . 16 |
| MICROPHONE VOLUME | 5 th LEVEL: ACCOMPANIMENT WITH ORCHESTRA | |
| OPTIONAL ACCESSORIES5 | STRIP WITH NUMBERS AND LETTERS | |
| 3. SOCKETS5 | 15. FUNCTIONS | |
| 4. CONTROL PANEL | 30-39 ACCOMPANIMENT FUNCTIONS | |
| 5. DIRECTIONS ON THE KEYBOARD7 | 40-41 PORTAMENTO | |
| LETTERS ON THE LEFT7 | 45-48 EQUALIZER | |
| THE DICTIONARY CHORDS 7 | 60-68 CHORUS | |
| THE RHYTHM INSTRUMENTS OF THE MANUAL DRUM 7 | TOUCH-SENSITIVITY LEVELS (70-74 TOUCH SET) | |
| BENDING AND MODULATION CONTROLS 7 | 75-79 PROGRAM BANKS | |
| 6. THE DISPLAY | 80-86 MIDI FUNCTIONS | |
| 7. OPERATION | SOME TV ADJUSTMENTS (87-89 SET TV) | . 19 |
| POWER ON/OFF 8 | MANUAL RHYTHM INSTRUMENTS (90-98 DRUM SET BANK) | |
| DEMONSTRATIVE SONG (DEMO) 8 | 16. USB FLASH DRIVE | 20 |
| VOLUMES 8 | COPYING FILES FROM PC HARD DISK TO USB FLASH DRIVE | |
| 8. THE KEYBOARD8 | HOW TO USE IT | |
| TOUCH OF THE KEYBOARD (TOUCH)8 | EXCLUDING THE MELODY | |
| DIVISION OF THE KEYBOARD (SPLIT) | CONTINUOUS PLAYING OF MIDI FILES | |
| 9. SOUNDS9 | LIST OF USB FLASH DRIVE FILES AND FOLDERS ON TV | |
| SOUND SELECTION9 | DATA PROTECTION HOW TO FIND THE MIDI FILES | |
| MIXED SOUNDS (DUAL)9 | MESSAGES ON THE DISPLAY. | |
| SOUNDS ON THE LEFT HAND SIDE (LOWER) | 17. KARAOKE | |
| CLASSICAL METHOD CHORDS (FREE CHORD) | | |
| SIMPLIFIED METHOD CHORDS (EASY CHORD) | 18. CONNECTION TO A TELEVISION | |
| THE PIANO | VIDEO CONNECTION | |
| THE SUSTAIN PEDAL | | |
| 10. STYLES11 | 19. SYNTH SOUNDS SECTION THE "FARFISA SYNTH SOUND MAKER" PROGRAM | |
| STYLE SELECTION | HOW TO DOWNLOAD THE "FARFISA SYNTH SOUND MAKER" PROGRAM. | |
| TEMPO | THE ENTRIES AT THE TOP LEFT: "MIDI OUT", "ZOOM" AND "HELP" | |
| ACCOMPANIMENT VOLUME11 | ON / OFF | |
| METRONOME ICON11 | MASTER VOLUME | |
| PIANIST STYLES | PRESET SECTION | .24 |
| ARRANGER A, B11 | OSCILLATOR SECTIONS 1 AND 2 | – . |
| ARRANGER LARGE | GENERAL PARAMETERS SECTION | |
| EASY PLAY | HOW TO PROGRAM A SOUND | |
| ENDING | 20. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE | 26 |
| KEY START | 21. MAINTENANCE AND REMARKS | 26 |
| FILL IN | 22. CONNECTION TO A PERSONAL COMPUTER | 27 |
| BREAK12 | 23. FREE MUSICAL SOFTWARE DOWNLOADABLE FROM INTERNET. | |
| FADE12 | 24. STYLES LIST. | |
| METRONOME12 | | |
| 11. SONGS13 | 25. SOUNDS LIST | |
| SONG VOLUME | 26. TABLE OF SONGS | |
| 12. PROGRAMS13 | 27. DRUM SET TABLE (Midi Channel 10) | |
| 13. SEQUENCER14 | 28. MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART | 36 |
| HOW TO RECORD A MUSICAL SEQUENCE | GUARANTEE | 40 |

1. TECHNICAL CARACTERISTICS

KEYBOARD: 61 professional keys (C-C) touch sensitive (DYNAMICS)

TOUCH: immediate exclusion and restoration of sensitivity to touch (DYNAMICS)

POLYPHONY: maximum 64 notes **DISPLAY**: 80 x 40 mm LCD - backlit

4 luminous CONDUCTORS

BASIC SOUNDS: 216 polyphonic tones

MIXED SOUNDS: thousands of combinations of sounds

EQUALISER: 4 equalization levels **TRANSPOSER**: range +/- 12 semitones

PIANO: immediate selection of the piano tone

SYNTH SECTION: 16 SYNTH sounds editable with Personal

Computer

SOUNDS FOR ACCOMPANIMENT: 216 polyphonic tones

EFFETTI: 8 CHORUSES, 8 REVERBS and SUSTAIN

ECHO: effect for microphone input

STYLES: 125 rhythms with 4 ORIENTAL, 8 PIANIST, 25

SONG STYLES

Controls: START/STOP, DOWN BEAT, TEMPO +/-, KEY

START/FILL IN, BREAK, INTRO, ENDING, FADE **METRONOME**: with immediate control

MANUAL DRUM: 8 rhythm percussion groups on keyboard.

SEQUENCER: REC and PLAY to record and listen. SAVE to save on USB FLASH DRIVE (not included)

MIDI FILE MEMORY: to load and reproduce midi file

backing tracks from USB FLASH DRIVES

KARAOKE SCREEN INTERFACE: to view the texts of the songs, folders and files of the USB FLASH DRIVE on a TV SCREEN (not included) – reads the main LYRIC / KAR formats

AUTOMATIC ACCOMPANIMENT: Free Chord, Easy Chord,

Arranger A and B, LARGE

FUNCTIONS: Arranger On/Off, Split 19/24, Ground On/Off, Chord Memory On/Off, Medley Song On/Off, MIDI IN On/Off, Portamento, 5 Touch levels, Midi Melody On/Off channel 4, Info TV On/Off, Delete file, Setting colours on TV

General control: ON/OFF, Master Volume, Microphone volume, Select, Easy Play, Style, Song, Sund, USB, Dual, Touch, Section volumes, Split/Full keyb., Play/Pause, Up, Down, Back, Bending, Modulation

DEMO: Demonstrative song

SONGS: 100 pre-recorded musical songs with Medley

Song On/Off

MAESTRO: 5 learning levels (LESSONS) **DICTIONARY**: Chord glossary on display

PROGRAMS: 40 programs for setting keyboard, 10 of

which are programmable

AMPLIFICATION: 5 + 5 watt stereo (RMS) - Two high-effi-

ciency Ø 100 mm loud speakers

POWER SUPPLY: 8 x 1.5 Volt IEC R14/C batteries AC/DC adapter: Vdc= 12 V / I = 2.25

VIDEO OUT: Socket for connecting a TV - PAL system,

COMPOSITE VIDEO output signal

LINE AUDIO OUT L / R: RCA sockets for external audio

connections

USB TO DEVICE: Socket for connecting a USB FLASH DRIVE **USB TO HOST**: Connection to a computer for data reception and transmission

PEDAL SWITCH: Socket for sustain pedal

INPUT DC 12V: Socket for connecting mains adapter **PHONES/AUX-OUT**: Socket for headphones and external

amplification

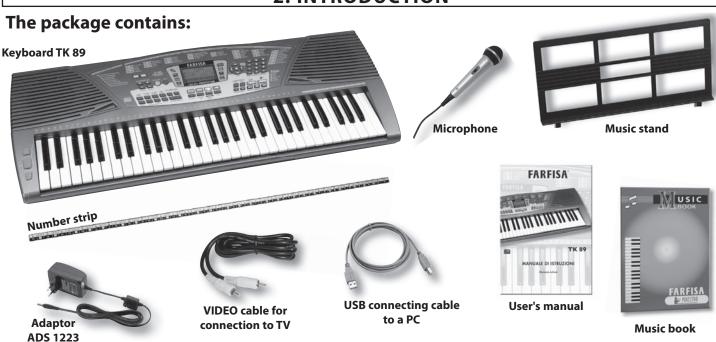
MIKE: Socket to connect microphone **LEVEL**: Volume regulation of microphone

DIMENSIONS: (945 x 360 x 125) mm

WEIGHT: 6 Kg

((

2. INTRODUCTION



Music-stand

Insert the music-stand in the special holes located on the backside of the keyboard.



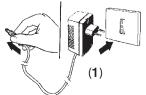
Power supply

This electronic keyboard can function with **mains** or **battery**.

Mains supply

The instrument can be supplied by the AC/DC "ADS 1223" (Vdc =12V / I = 2,25A) positive central adapter conforms to national and international safety regulations covering electrical appliances.





RECOMMENDATIONS: The socket (1) for the adapter plug must be easily accessible. Inserting the plug into the socket at the back of the instrument automatically cuts off supply from the batteries. Ensure that the adapter is sufficiently ventilated and that the ventilation slits are not covered with objects such as newpapers, tablecloths, curtains, etc. Do not expose the adapter to drops or splashes of water.

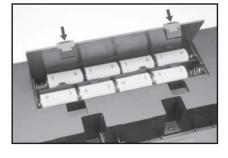
WARNING: All batteries or transformers with safety insulation must be checked regularly for faults in cable, wire, or plug insulation or other parts.

Battery supply

This instrument works with **8 x 1.5V IEC R14/C batteries** (not supplied) which are inserted in the housing at the bottom.

To open press on the part of the lid marked OPEN. Fit the batteries as shown at the bottom of the housing.

Using rechargeable batteries (1,2V) does not guarantee the best contrast level on the display.



ADVICE ON USING THE BATTERIES

- Take worn batteries out.
- Recharge only "rechargeable" batteries and always in the presence of an adult.
- Avoid using batteries of different types at the same time.
- Do not use combinations of new and worn batteries.
- Do not shortcircuit the power supply terminals.
- Do not expose the batteries to heat sources.

INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION

Always quote the serial number on the bottom of the keyboard in any correspondence.



WASTE DISPOSAL STANDARDS

For information regarding the disposal of the items mentioned here below, please refer to Council Administration office regarding specialised waste collection centres.

1. DISPOSAL OF BATTERIES

Protect the environment by disposing of batteries in the special containers provided for this use.



2. PACKAGING DISPOSAL

Take the paper, cardboard and corrugated board to the appropriate waste collection centres. Plastic material must be placed in the relevant collection containers.

The symbols indicating the various types of plastic are:



Key for the different types of plastic materials:

PET= Polyethylene terephtalate • **PE**= Polyethylene, code 02 for PE-HD, 04 for PE-LD • **PVC**=Polyvinyl chloride • **PP**= Polypropylene

PS= Polystyrene, Polystyrene foam • **O**= Other polymers (ABS, Laminates, etc.)

3. WASTE DISPOSAL OF USED ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC APPLIANCES

All articles displaying this symbol on the body, packaging or instruction manual of same, must not be thrown away into normal disposal bins but brought to specialised waste disposal centres.



Here, the various materials will be divided by characteristics and recycled, thus making an important contribution to environmental protection.

Microphone

Connecting microphone

At the front of the TK 89 there is a **MIKE** socket for connecting the dynamic microphone (included) (impedance 600 Ohm).

Microphone volume

Adjust the volume turning the **LEVEL** knob on the back of the keyboard, near the jacks.

N.B.: An excessive volume increase could cause anomalous sounds.



Optional accessories











ATTENTION: Use only the optional accessories specially for this keyboard. Use of unauthorised accessories can entail danger of fires, electrical shocks and physical injuries to persons.

3. SOCKETS

VIDEO - Socket for connecting TV.

AUDIO L / R - RCA sockets for external audio connection.

L (left) = left audio output; R (right) = right audio output.

USB TO DEVICE - Socket to connect a USB Flash Drive.

USB TO HOST - Socket to connect the keyboard to a computer using the provided cable.

PEDAL SWITCH - Socket for sustain pedal.

INPUT DC 12 V - Switches the instrument on with an AC/DC adapter (Vdc = 12V - I = 2,25A).

PHONES / AUX . OUT - Socket for headphones and Hi-Fi; output impedance 150 Ohm – To play without disturbing and/or being disturbed, you can use a stereo headphone. When the cable is inserted the speaker is automatically excluded and all sections of the keyboard can be heard in the headphone. The socket also allows an additional stereo amplifier, a recorder, etc. to be connected.

Warning: only connect stereo cables to the "PHONES/ AUX-OUT" socket.

MIKE - Socket for connect a microphone.



4. CONTROL PANEL



ON/OFF - Turns the instrument on and off.

VOLUME MASTER - Selects the master volume.

VOLUME SECTION - Selects the sections volume.

METRONOME - Switches on and off the metronome beat.

DEMO - Plays the demo song.

BREAK / **INTRO** - Prepares a temporary variation of the rhythm style or a short intro.

KEY START / FILL IN - Allows rhythm to be enabled by pressing one or more keys or enables changes while rhythm is on.

EASY/ FREE CHORD - To compose chords using the simplified way or in the traditional way.

FADE IN/OUT - Rhythm fading and growing.

TEMPO +/- - Sets the tempo for style performance, songs or metronome.

INTRO - Prepares musical introduction.

ARRANGER A/B - Selects the automatic accompaniment with A and B rhythms.

ARRANGER LARGE - Selects the automatic accompaniment with Large rhythms.

ENDING - Carries out an ending musical phrase when the rhythm is on.

START/STOP - Starts/Stops a rhythm style or a song.

STYLE - Selects the rhythm styles.

SONG - Selects the pre-recorded songs.

SOUND - Selects the right-hand sound or two sounds to mix together.

USB - To select files or folders of the USB Flash Drive.

EASY PLAY - Depending on the style, selects right-hand and left-hand tone, the best tempo for the performance and sets the FREE CHORD setting on the keyboard. In the 100 songs, it selects the sound and the tempo connected to the songs.

FULL KEYB. / **SPLIT** - Splits the keyboard between two sounds or to set just one.

TOUCH - To enable or disable the touch sensitivity on the keyboard (dynamic).

DUAL - Allows mixing and the selection of two sounds.

PROGRAMS - LOAD to select programs; SAVE to save programs.

PIANO - Enables PIANO tone and identification of chords across the whole keyboard.

LESSON - Enters the 5 levels learning mode.

TRANSPOSER +/- - Allows pitch of notes to be changed.

SEQUENCER SAVE - To store the recording on the USB Flash Drive.

SEQUENCER REC - Records what is being played.

SEQUENCER PLAY - Plays what has been recorded.

SELECT 0-9 and **+/-** - To select functions, rhythm styles, songs, sounds and programs.

UP - DOWN - To move the cursor up or down and to select files and folders of the USB Flash Drive.

BACK - To go back and select files and folders of the USB Flash Drive.

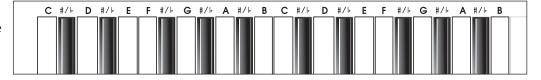
PLAY/PAUSE - To play or pause the midi files of the USB Flash Drive or of the Sequencer.

ENTER (■) - To enter the folders or to carry out other functions.

5. DIRECTIONS ON THE KEYBOARD

Letters on the left

Indicate the basic note for the name of the chord.



The dictionary chord

When function **39 Dictionary** is enabled, the display shows name and composition of chords.



The rhythm instruments of the MANUAL DRUM

With the 199 Drum Standard or 200 Drum Power function active, each key corresponds to a percussion instrument.



With the functions **90** to **97**, other percussion instrument groups can be selected (see DRUM SET TABLE at the end of the User Manual).

Bending and Modulation Controls

There are three buttons at the far left of the keyboard: two **BEND** (Pitch Bending) and one **MODUL.** (Modulation).

Playing a note and pressing one of the two BEND buttons will create a pitch variation of that note. This variation simulates the "bending" of a chord of an instrument such as a guitar. The "Modulation" control performs a pitch modulation of the sound.

6. THE DISPLAY

- Indicates the name of sounds, rhythm styles, volumes and other functions.
- 2) Indicates the selection for the tone of the left side of the keyboard or Lower.
- Shows the selection of the two mixed sounds.
- Indication of "Intro", "Ending", "KeyStart" controls for the rhythm style.
- 5) Indication of enabled SEQUENCER: "Record" or "Play".
- 6) Indication of active automatic accompaniment and pattern (Arranger A, B, A-Large, B-Large).
- 7) Indicates "PIANO" function is active.

- 5 15 SoundMix12 Record Play 14 # 64 Intro Ending Arranger AB KeyStart e 7+5#5 13 dim9# Easy Chord npo 9 12 10 8
- 8) Indicates "TRANSPOSER" is active (transposition high or low).
- 9) Metronome icon, shows beat tempo.
- 10) Indicates the speed of the rhythm style, of the song, of the metronome or the MIDI file.
- 11) 61 key keyboard showing notes that are pressed or that have to be pressed if in MAESTRO mode.
- 12) Indication of Split point (19 or 24).
- 13) Indication of the identified chord and EASYCHORD function.
- 14) Pentagram with notes displayed.
- 15) Indicates an octave higher for the last 5 keys.

7. OPERATION

Switch on and switch off (ON/OFF)

The instrument can be turned on and off by using the **ON/OFF** button. When turned on, the keyboard is set to operate with the **PIANO** sound, the **8 Beat 1** rhythm and the song **'O SOLE MIO**.





Demo

Switching on the **DEMO** button, a melody that will emphasise the characteristics of the keyboard will play.

To turn off the melody press the **DEMO** button.





Volume Master

To regulate the volume of the instrument you must use buttons **MASTER VOLUME** + (to turn up) or **MASTER VOLUME** – (to turn down). By holding the button pressed down, the variation becomes continuous.

To restore the standard volume press both **MASTER VOLUME** + and **MASTER VOLUME** - buttons together.





8. THE KEYBOARD

It is composed of 61 touch sensitive professional keys.

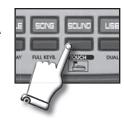
TOUCH

The keyboard can play with a more or less strong volume depending upon the pressure that is put on the keys (like a traditional piano).

To eliminate or to insert this function press **TOUCH**.

The display visualises "Touch Off" to eliminate and "Touch On" to insert the function.

The function is inserted when the instrument is turned on.



SPLIT

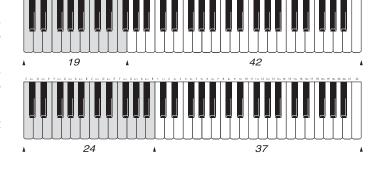
- 1. When simply turned on, one single sound is enabled over the whole keyboard, together with the chord identifier.
- 2. By pressing the **FULL KEYB/SPLIT** button, the keyboard will be divided into two sections: one dedicated to accompaniment to form chords (keys on the left) and the other one to play the melody (keys on the right).



It is possible to set the point where the keyboard will be divided into two modes:

- **a.** by entering **31**, the display indicates "Split"; this means that the left part of the keyboard goes from the first to the nineteenth key.
- **b.** by entering **32**, the display indicates "5plit 2H"; this means that the left part of the keyboard goes from the first to the twenty-fourth key.

The keyboard on the display shows the division point with an arrow.





Chords can be played in the **FREE CHORD** mode, which means in the traditional way, or in the **EASY CHORD** mode, which means in the simplified mode (see the "Lower" paragraph).

9. THE SOUNDS

Sound selection

The keyboard features **216** sounds divided into **20 families** (e.g. 025-032 GUITAR).

They are selected when the SOUNDS list you will find at the end of the Instructions Manual.



| FAMILY | SOUNDS LIST |
|-----------|---------------------|
| | 025 NYLON GUITAR |
| | 026 STEEL GUITAR |
| | 027 JAZZ GUITAR |
| GUITAR | 028 CLEAN GUITAR |
| 025 - 032 | 029 MUTED GUITAR |
| | 030 OVERDR. GUITAR |
| | 031 DISTORT, GUITAR |
| | 032 HARMON. GUITAR |
| | |



Example: for NYLON GUITAR type in number 025 (0, 2, 5 with the SELECT keyboard.) If the display shows "Display", this means an incorrect number has been typed in. Sounds can be selected also by using the **SELECT** "+ I - I" buttons.

IMPORTANT: With some sounds you might notice a slight difference of volume or sound quality when playing them in different areas of the keyboard. This is an inevitable consequence of multiple sampling and not a technical problem.



Dual

With the **DUAL** control, you can mix two sounds and create thousands of combinations

To mix press DUAL; the display shows "**SoundMix1**"; select a sound and press the **SOUND** button: the display shows "**SoundMix2**"; select the second sound that will be mixed with the first one.

To select other sounds, keep using the **SOUND** button.

To return to just one sound, press the **DUAL** button again: the display shows "**Sound**".

To change the volume of the two sounds, to use the "+/-" buttons of **VOLUME SECTION** and to select the first or second sound, keep **□□□ND** button pressed.

The display visualises "SndlVol" or "Snd2Vol"









Sounds on the left hand side (LOWER)

The sounds for the ACCOMPANIMENT, when the rhythm is not playing, can be selected by entering **30 Select Lower** and the corresponding number in the SOUNDS list.

To set the volume of the accompaniment section, use the **VOLUME SECTION** + / – buttons;

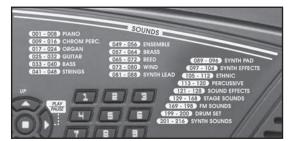
The display shows "Lawer Val" and the value of the volume.

By keeping the button pressed, the variation will continue.

To return to the standard volume, simultaneously press the + and – buttons of the **VOLUME SECTION**.







Classical method chords (FREE CHORD)

Chords are played in the traditional way and all the main chords are identified.

Standard setting is active. To select it use the **EASY/ FREE CHORD** control; the display shows "*Free Chord*".

EASY PLAY enables Free Chord automatically.

The FREE CHORD mode works across the whole keyboard too when **FULL KEYBOARD** is on.

The display shows the name of the chord in the Anglo-Saxon notation.

| Α | В | С | D | Ε | F | G | Anglo-Saxon notation |
|----|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----------------------|
| LA | SI | DO | RE | MI | FA | SOL | Latin notation |
| Α | Н | С | D | Ε | F | G | German notation |



Simplified method chords (EASY CHORD)

This function allows you to compose chords on the left side of the keyboard with the simplified mode:

one key will provide a major chord,

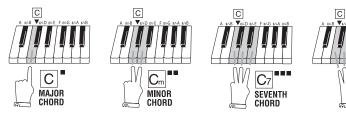
two keys a minor chord,

three keys a dominant 7th chord, and four keys a diminished chord.

You can enable it with the **EASY/ FREE CHORD** button; the display shows "**Easy Chord**".

The fundamental note of the chord (the most important one and the one that gives the name to the chord) is represented by the key pressed on the far left.

For example, by pressing simultaneously C, D and E, you will get a C7 dominant chord.



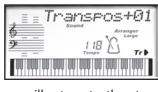
Transposition of keys (TRANSPOSER)

The **TRANSPOSER** +/- controls shift the whole keyboard tonality by +/- 12 semitones.

By pressing one of the two buttons, the display temporarily shows the current value.

The TRANSPOSER variation is always indicated on the display by the "< **Tr**" or "**Tr**>" signs. By simultaneously pressing the "+/-" buttons of TRANSPOSER, dard **00** value.





DIMINISHED

you will return to the stan-

The Piano

With the $PI\Delta ND$ button, the PIANO sound and the chord identifier will be immediately enabled on the whole keyboard.



The Sustain Pedal (PEDAL SWITCH)

A normally-open pedal button can be connected to the **PEDAL SWITCH** socket. It is used to lengthen the sound of the notes.





10. THE STYLES

Rhythmic style selection

The keyboard has 125 rhythmic styles enriched by automatic accompaniments and completed by drums. They are sub-divided into 13 families (e.g. 015-023 DANCE), see the list at the end of the owner's manual. To select them press the STYLES button and then a 3 digit figure from the STYLES list.

Example: to select DISCO 70 rhythm, digit number **019** (0, 1, and 9).

You can also select rhythms using buttons "+ / -" of **SELECT**. To start or to stop a rhythm press the **START**/ **STOP** button.



| FAMILY | STYLES LIST |
|-----------|---------------------|
| | 015 TECHNO |
| | 016 HOUSE |
| | 017 RAP |
| DANCE | 018 SKA |
| 015 - 023 | 019 DISCO 70 |
| | 020 DISCO I |
| | 02 I DISCO 2 |
| | 022 DISCO SAMBA |
| | 023 HULLY GULLY |

Tempo

The "+/-" **TEMPO** buttons can be used to set the tempo of the rhythm or of a song.

To increase or decrease the speed of the song press the two buttons **TEMPO** + and **TEMPO** -.

By holding the button pressed down, the variation becomes continuous.

To go back to standard rhythm press buttons **TEMPO** + and **TEMPO** – together.



Accompaniment volume

To adjust the volume of the accompaniment section, use the **VOLUME SECTION** + / – buttons. The display will show "Acc. Vol." with the value of the volume. By holding the button pressed down, the variation becomes continuous. To restore the standard volume press together buttons **VOLUME SECTION** + and **VOLUME SECTION** –.



Metronome icon

The metronome icon of the display shows the musical quarters and the beginning of every beat or measure. When a rhythm is on function and you select a new style this latter starts at the end of the previous rhythm pattern.

The Pianist Styles

The PIANIST styles are automatic accompaniments created with the piano alone.

To select them, press the **STYLE** button and enter a three digit number from the PIANIST list. See the STYLES list at the end of the Instructions Manual.



| FAMILY | STYLES LIST |
|-----------|-----------------|
| | 088 8 BEAT |
| | 089 16 BEAT |
| | 090 BALLAD |
| PIANIST | 091 ROMANTIC |
| 088 - 095 | 092 SWING |
| | 093 BLUES |
| | 094 ROCK'N ROLL |
| | 095 BOSSANOVA |
| | |

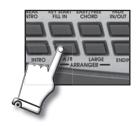
Arranger A, B

By pressing the **ARRANGER A** / **B** control, you will be able to switch between a basic rhythm style and one with a variation. The display shows the selected mode by showing "**Arranger A**" or "**Arranger B**".

Arranger Large

With the **LARGE** control, you can elaborate further on the arrangement of the rhythm style.

The display shows "Large".





Easy Play

Depending on the rhythm, **EASY PLAY** sets the tone for the right hand, the best tempo for the performance and splits the keyboard to play chords in the FREE CHORD mode.



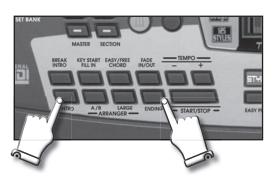


Intro

When a rhythm is stopped, by pressing the **INTRO** button the display will show "Intro" and a rhythm style is predisposed, and a preliminary music sequence will then starts when you press the **START** / **STOP** or **KEY START** buttons.

Ending

When a rhythm is on, by pressing the **ENDING** button, a final musical sequence stars.



Key Start

The **KEY START** function starts the rhythm by pressing one or more keys on the keyboard.

It is enabled with the rhythm stopped, the display visualises "Key Start".

If the keyboard is split, you can activate the rhythm by playing a chord in the left part of the keyboard.

If it is not split, play a chord including at least three keys anywhere on the keyboard





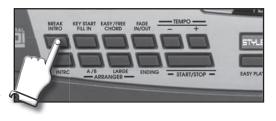
Fill In

When a rhythm is on function and you press the **FILL IN** button you produce a rhythmic variation of the drums.

Break

By pressing the **BREAK** control during the performance of a rhythm style, you will activate an orchestral 'break'.

By pressing **BREAK** when the rhythm is not playing, a brief introductive orchestral break will be executed. The display shows "*Intro*". During the "Ending", BREAK restores normal rhythm.



Fading or Crescendo (FADE)

The fading function allows to fade the execution automatically lowering the volume until it stops. **FADE**, selected before the rhythm starts, produces an increasing volume from zero until the normal level.

While the rhythm is on, by pressing **FADE** the display visualises "Fade out" and it will fade until disappearing.

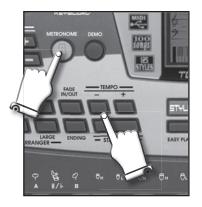
With the rhythm stopped, by pressing **FADE**, the display visualises "Fade In" and, when the rhythm starts, execution will having an growing volume.



Metronome

The metronome helps you to learn the music, giving the beat during musical exercises and simulating the traditional time-marking instrument.

It can be turned on and off with the **METRONOME** button. To change the tempo, use the "**TEMPO** +/-" buttons. To set the volume, press the **STYLE** or **SDNE** button and use the **VOLUME SECTION** +/- button.







| Voice in musical scores | TEMPO |
|-------------------------|-----------|
| | |
| Largo | 32 - 60 |
| Larghetto | 60 - 66 |
| Adagio | 66 - 76 |
| Andante | 76 - 108 |
| Moderato | 108 - 120 |
| Allegro | 120 - 168 |
| Presto | 168 - 200 |
| Prestissimo | 200 - 240 |

Chart of general BEATS for the METRONOME

11. SONGS

The instrument contains 100 classic repertoire songs.

To select the songs, enter a three digit number according to the SONGS list.

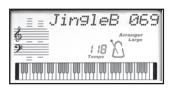


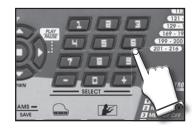
Example: for song 069 JINGLE BELLS,

- press the **SONG** button (light on);
- type on the **SELECT** numerical keyboard, 0, 6 and 9;
- press the **START/STOP** button to start or stop the musical performance.





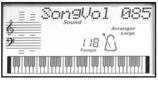




Song volume

To adjust the volume of a song, press the keys "+/-" of the **VOLUME SECTION**. The display visualises "5000" with the volume value. By holding the button pressed down, the variation becomes continuous. To restore the standard volume press together buttons **VOLUME SECTION** + and **VOLUME SECTION** -.





When a song is being played, you can immediately listen to other songs by entering the number of the song you have chosen or by using the **SELECT** "- / +" buttons.

The EASY PLAY control sets the melody of the song and the standard TEMPO on the keyboard..



12. PROGRAMS

A program is a function which allows to set some parameters on the keyboard pressing only two keys. It is possible to store and recall the different functions of the keyboard by using the programs.

10 memorised programs are available in the **USER** bank.

To memorise a program in the **User** bank

- 1. press **SAVE PROGRAMS**. The display indicates "Save Prog?"
- 2. press a number from **0** to **9** on the **SELECT** keyboard
- 3. the display indicates "FrogSaved".

The program is memorised in the memory area indicated by the chosen number.

To recall the program

- 1. press LOAD PROGRAMS. The display indicates "Load Prog ?"
- 2. press a number from 0 to 9 on the SELECT keyboard
- 3. the display indicates "ProgLoaded"

To restore the initial programs of the User bank, type **76 Clear User**.

To recall programs previously set by the manufacturer select a number from **77** to **79** as indicated in the **Program Bank** paragraph in chapter **15. FUNCTIONS**

13. SEQUENCER

With the Sequencer section it is possible to record and then to listen to all that was played. The Sequencer allows you to test the your musical learning level. The musician can play the melody, record it with a song and then listen to the outcome.

How to record a musical sequence

Press the button **REC.** The display will read "Record" On" and "**Record**" flashing to show that the Sequencer is on. Play the song you wish to record. Press **REC.** once again to stop recording. The display will read "Record Off".

Press $FL\Delta \forall$ to listen to what was recorded. The display will read "Sequencer" and "Play". Press $FL\Delta \forall$ once again to stop.

Nearly **14,000 notes** can be memorised.

When the memory is full, the display reads "Record Off" temporarily and the indication "Record" disappears.

After a recording, when **PLAY** is on, variations made with the control panel can affect the recordings.

Recorded data remains in the memory as long as the keyboard is on.

If nothing has been recorded in the Sequencer, by pressing $FL\Delta \forall$, the display reads "SequenEmpty" temporarily. N.B.: Sounds coming from the microphone cannot be recorded.



How to save a recording on a USB Flash Drive

- 1. Insert a *USB Flash Drive* in the relevant socket (USB TO DEVICE) in the back of the instrument. The LSB control turns on.
- 2. Press Save . The display visualises "Saving File", and then "File saved", to indicate that the musical sequence has been memorised in the USB Flash Drive.

The display will then read "Sequo" which is the first name assigned automatically to the musical sequence just memorised.

N.B.: The musical sequences memorised in the *USB Flash Drive* go from "Seq00" to "Seq99". The number is assigned automatically.

All of the sequences from "Seq00" to "Seq99" are automatically stored in the folder "Tusongs" and stay memorised even when the instrument turns off or the USB Flash Drive is removed.

The folder "Musongs" is created automatically with the first SAVE.

The sequences from "Seq00" to "Seq99" are midi files and can be managed on the PC with the most widespread musical programs. N.B.: If the USB Flash Drive is not inserted, pressing ΔVE , the display will read "USB FD ΔVE ". It is therefore not possible to save the recording.

If no recording has been done and you press $\blacksquare \Delta V \blacksquare$, the display will read "Disable". The *USB Flash Drive* cannot be inserted and removed with the instrument on as well.

How to recall a musical sequence already saved on a USB Flash Drive

- 1. Insert a USB Flash Drive in the relevant socket (USB TO DEVICE) in the back of the instrument.
- 2. With the controls *UP* (▲) and *DOWN* (▼), view the name of the folder "1u5ongs" on the display and press **ENTER** (■): the display reads "Loading";
- 3. With UP (▲) and DOWN (▼) select the desired sequence, i.e. "Seq00", "Seq01", "Seq02", etc... Then press PLAY (▶) to listen to the sequence.

 The display reads "Loading", and then "FileLoaded" and Play on the top right.





To pause the sequence that is playing, press $\frac{PLAY}{PAUSE}$ (\triangleright). The display reads Play which is flashing. To restart the sequence, press $\frac{PLAY}{PAUSE}$ (\triangleright) again. To stop the sequence being played, press ENTER (\blacksquare), or $PL\Delta Y$ on the Sequencer or START / STOP in the STYLE section.

How to delete a sequence from the USB Flash Drive

- 1. Enter the folder "Tusing the controls **UP** (▲), **DOWN** (▼), **BACK** (◄) and **ENTER** (■) and view the sequence you wish to delete.
- 2. Write **86**. The display reads "DeleteFile?"; pressing **ENTER** (), the sequence will be deleted. N.B.: The midi files contained in other folders can be deleted also by following the same procedure.





14. LESSONS TO LEARN RIGHT AWAY (MAESTRO - LESSONS)

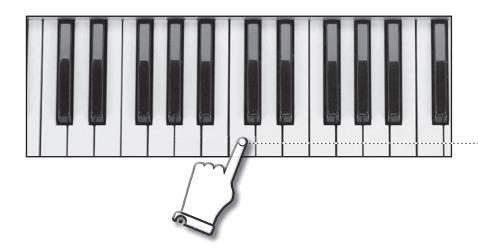
The ______ section helps you in the music learning process just as if a real musical teacher were there with you, teaching you five fundamental aspects:

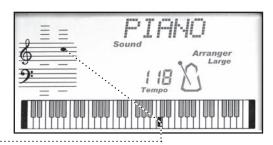
1. Tempo 2. Note 3. Melody Off 4. Chord 5. Accompaniment



Display directions

Press a key on the keyboard. The display shows which key you are pressing and the relative note will be shown on the pentagram.





1st level: Tempo of the song (TEMPO)

At the 1st level, you can become familiar with the melody notes and learn the tempo of the song.

=== How to do it:

After having chosen a tune, select level 1 first by pressing the LESSON button and then, when the display shows "LEVEL ?", number 1 of SELECT.

Use the **START/STOP** control to start and stop the performance. You can quicken or slow down the tempo by using the **TEMPO** "+/-" buttons.

The song starts with some strokes of the metronome which indicate the starting tempo. Right after, try playing the melody of the song repeatedly pressing one or more keys trying to keep tempo with the orchestra.

During your performance, the display will show the correct notes of the melody.

The accompaniment will automatically follow you.

You will be able to change tune by pressing the corresponding button on the **SONGS** list, or by using the **SELECT** "+ / -" buttons.

If you wish to listen to the whole song, press **START/STOP**, then press **SONG** and then **START/STOP** again.







2nd level: The Notes of the melody (NOTE)

When you are able to keep time you can try the 2nd level, which means playing the correct keys to perform the correct melody.

=== How to do it:

After having chosen a tune, select the 2nd level by pressing the LESSON button and then SELECT number 2.

Use the **START/STOP** control to start and stop the performance.

When the metronome stops, try to play the melody of the song; this time you have to press the right keys because the others will not play. The display will help by showing you the correct melody keys in advance.

The accompaniment will automatically follow your performance.

3rd level: The song Melody (MELODY OFF)

This time the accompaniment will play normally, without waiting for you. This means you will have to perform the melody with the right keys while keeping time, or else the song will sound out of tune.

=== How to do it:

After having chosen a song, select the 3rd level by pressing the LESSON button and then the **SELECT** number **3**.

Use the **START/STOP** control to start and stop the performance.

When the intro has ended, try playing the melody of the song.

The display will help by showing notes and keys for the melody.



4th level: The song Chords (CHORD)

At this level the song will be played with the rhythm section and the melody; you will be able to play the accompaniment chords using the left side of the keyboard.

If you do not play the right chord, the rhythm part will keep on going with the last chord and the melody will stop.

=== How to do it:

After having chosen a song, select the 4th level by pressing the **LESSON** button and then **SELECT** number **4**.

Use the **START/STOP** control to start and stop the performance. When starting you will always have a metronome counting for you.

Play the first chord and then the others, following the directions shown on the display.

If you play a wrong chord, the melody will not play, and if you play it at the wrong time, accompaniment and melody will be out of tempo.

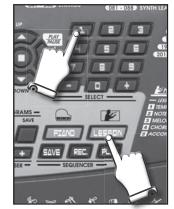
To make the first lessons easier, try slowing the tempo of the song, using the **TEMPO** + and – buttons.

The display will help by showing the name of the chord, the keys and the notes on the pentagram.

There are two ways of playing chords:

- Free Chord for playing chords in the traditional way.
- Easy Chord for playing simplified chords.

To choose the desired mode, see the "LOWER" paragraph.



5th level: Accompaniment with orchestra (ACCOMP.)

At this level the song will be played with the drums rhythm section together with the melody and you will be able to play the accompaniment. Rhythm and melody will keep going so you will have to play the right chord in time, or else it will be out of tune.

=== How to do it:

After having chosen a song, select the 5th level by pressing the **LESSON** button and then the **SELECT** number **5**.

Use the **START/STOP** control to start and stop the performance.

To start the complete accompaniment, play the first chord following the directions shown on the display.

The display will help by showing the name of the chord, the keys and the notes on the pentagram.

There are two ways of playing chords:

- Free Chord for playing chords in the traditional way.
- Easy Chord for playing simplified chords.

To choose the desired mode, see the "LOWER" paragraph.



Position the strip with numbers and letters above the keyboard as shown in the picture.

The numbers on the strip correspond to the keys that have to be pressed in order to play the tune of the simplified scores contained in the enclosed Farfisa Music book.



15. FUNCTIONS

FUNCTIONS FOR ACCOMPANIMENT (30-39 ACCOMP. FUNCTIONS)

Function 30 • Selection of sound for left hand (Select Lower)

The selection of sounds for accompaniment, when rhythm is stopped, is obtained by writing **30 Select Lower** and then the number relative to the SOUNDS list.

To adjust the volume of the accompaniment section, press the buttons **VOLUME SECTION** + / –. The display reads "Lower Uni" and the value of the volume. By keeping the button pressed, the variation becomes continuous.

To restore the standard volume, press the buttons + and - of the **VOLUME SECTION** together.

FUNCTIONS ©01-008 ©09-014 ©15-023 ©15-023 015-023 022-032 40-41 PORTAMENTO 45-48 FOUALIZER 50-58 REVERS 60-68 CHORUS 70-74 TOUCH SET 75-79 PROGRAMS BANK 87-89 SET TV 90-98 DRUM SET BANK

Functions 31-32 • Division of the keyboard 19/24 (Split 19/24)

The point where the keyboard splits can be set in two ways:

- a. Composing 31, the display will read "Split 19" and namely that the left side of the keyboard goes from the 1st to the 19th key
- b. Composing **32**, the display will read "Split 24" and namely that the left side of the keyboard goes from the 1st to the 24th key Above the image of the keyboard on the display an arrow will appear indicating the splitting point. Split 24 is active when the instrument is turned on.

Functions 33-34 • Arrangement (Arranger On/Off)

Composing **33 Arranger On** activates the automatic arrangement and composing **34 Arranger Off** deactivates it. The display reads "Arranger or "Arranger off".

Automatic arrangement is present when a rhythm is on. The arrangement is active when turning the instrument on.

Functions 35-36 • Musical carpet (Ground On/Off)

When a rhythm is playing and FREE CHORD is active, the carpet will act as a musical background for the arrangement. The carpet is activated with the number **35 Ground On** and deactivated with number **36 Ground Off**. The display reads "GroundOn" or "GroundOff". The function is active when the instrument is turned on. To adjust the volume of the musical carpet, press the buttons "+ / -" of the **VOLUME SECTION** when the rhythm is playing and after having typed the number **30 Select Lower**. The display visualises "GrodUol."



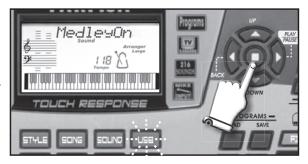


Functions 37-38 • Continuous playing of songs or MIDI files (Medley On/Off)

With this function it is possible to listen to all of the songs in succession, starting with the one selected. It is activated by typing the number 37 Medley On and deactivated with 38 Medley Off. The display reads "MedleyOn" or "MedleyOff". The function is not active when the instrument is turned on.

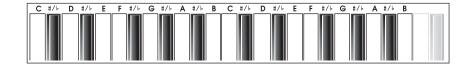
It is also possible to automatically play the MIDI files contained in a folder of the *USB Flash Drive*.

Press the LISE control. The light turns on. Select a folder of the *USB Flash Drive*, press *ENTER* (), type **37 Medley On** and press PLAY RIGHT. Right after the "Loading" of the display, all of the midi files of that folder will play automatically one after the other



Function 39 • Chord Dictionary (Dictionary)

The Dictionary function allows viewing on the display the name of a chord, the notes that make it up on the pentagram and the keys needed to compose the chord. It is activated by composing the number **39**; the display reads "Dictionary." By pressing a key in the first two octaves on the left, you choose the main key C, D, E, F, G, A or B (DO, RE, MI, FA, SOL, LA or SI) with the relative " # " or " • " and the type of chord in the last octave on the right.





40-41 PORTAMENTO

Functions 40-41 • Portamento

The portamento creates a pitch slide between two keys. It is more evident when playing keys far part.

It is activated by typing **40 Portamento On** and deactivated with **41 Portamento Off**. The display reads "FortamOn" or "PortamOff".

Function 42 • Resetting of SYNTH SECTION sounds (Clear Synth)

With the "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" program loaded onto the PC, it is possible to change the parameters of the sounds from 201 to 216 of the SYNTH SECTION.

To restore the initial parameters of the **SYNTH SECTION** sounds, type **42 Clear Synth**. The display reads "Classian the synth".

45-48 EQUALIZER

Allows choosing among four different equalisations suitable for different types of music. There are enabled by typing:

Function 45 • Flat excludes equalisation.

Function 46 • Disco for disco music.

Function 47 • Jazz for Jazz music.

Function 48 • Classic for classical music.

N.B.: When the keyboard is disconnected from an external amplification, it is recommended to choose an average equalisation and above all to adjust the initial volume at minimum.

50-58 REVERBER

Functions 50-58 • Reverberation

The reverberation effect allows listening to sounds as if they were reproduced in a large hall.

Eight different types of reverberation can be chosen: typing **50** produces the "Room-1" effect, with **51** "Room-2", with **52** "Room-3", with **53** "Hall-1", with **54** "Hall-2", with **55** "Plate", with **56** "Delay", with **57** "Pan Delay" and with **58** "Reverb Off", the reverberation effect is completely excluded.

60-68 CHORUS

Functions 60-68 • Chorus

The chorus effects enhance the sounds of the SOUNDS section with particular modulations which a smaller or larger impact depending on the sound selected.

Eight different types of chorus can be chosen: typing **60** produces the "Chorus-1" effect, with **61** " Chorus-2", with **62** " Chorus-3", with **63** "Chorus-4", with **64** "Feed Back", with **65** "Flanger", with **66** "Short Delay", with **67** "FB Delay" and with **68** "Chorus Off" the chorus effect is excluded completely.

TOUCH-SENSITIVITY LEVELS (70-74 TOUCH SET)

Functions 70-74 • Touch-sensitivity levels

It is possible to choose among 5 dynamic levels: typing code **70** enables the **Very Soft** level; typing **71** the **Soft** level, with **72** the **Normal** level, with **73** the **Hard** level and with **74** the **Heavy** level. Level 72 Normal is usually active.

75-79 PROGRAM BANKS

The keyboard is able to recall some groups of the 10 programs previously prepared by the user or inserted by the maker in the "PROGRAM" memory (see chapter 12 "PROGRAMS").

Function 75 • *ProgUser* to recall the programs that the user stored previously

Function 76 • ClearUser to restore in the memory the data of the first time the instrument

Function 77 • ProgLatin programs for Latino music

Function 78 • *ProgSwing* programs for swing music

Function 79 • *PrgTradit* programs for traditional music

=== How to select a program

Let's suppose that we wish to set program number **7** of the Traditional bank:

- type **79 Traditional**, the display reads "PraTradit";
- press the **LOAD** button, and the display reads "Load Proq ?";
- type the number **7**, the display reads "ProgLoaded".

Now the keyboard is set up with the rhythm, sounds and effects of program 7 of the Traditional bank

80-86 MIDI FUNCTIONS

Functions 80-81 • Excluding Midi In (Midi In On/Off)

When the keyboard is connected to a Personal Computer, it is recommended to use the programs which allow excluding the resending out of data coming in. If this were not possible, double notes would be heard. To avoid this anomaly, the keyboard allows excluding the data coming from the PC by composing number **81 Midi In Off**. To reactivate reception, compose number **80 Midi In On**. The function is active when the instrument is turned on. The display reads "Midila Diff" or "Midila Dir".

Functions 82-83 • Excluding the melody (Melody On/Off)

When uploading a midi file from the *USB Flash Drive* and it is carried out, the trace of the melody can be excluded (normally midi channel 4).

To exclude the melody trace, type 83 Melody Off. To restore it, type 82 Melody On.

The display reads "MeladuUff" oppure "MeladuUn".

Functions 84-85 • List of USB Flash Drive files and folders on TV (Info TV On/Off)

It is possible to view the contents of the *USB Flash Drive* on the TV screen.

Type **84 Info TV On** to view it on the TV screen or **85 Info TV Off** to exclude viewing. The display reads "infoTvOn" or "infoTvOff". Normally 84 Info TV On is active.

Function 86 • Deleting files from the USB Flash Drive (Delete file)

It is possible to cancel files from the USB Flash Drive.

Select the file to be deleted using the control $UP(\triangle)$, $DOWN(\nabla)$ or $BACK(\blacktriangleleft)$, Type **86 Delete File**, The display will read "DeleteFile?" and press $ENTER(\blacksquare)$, to delete the file.

In order to abort this cancellation, press any other control.

SOME TV ADJUSTMENTS (87-89 SET TV)

Functions 87-89 • Set TV

Some colour saturation or hue features can be adjusted on the TV.

To carry out these adjustments, type 87 Set TV On, the display reads "与ロオリロロ".

Using the controls (◀) or (▶) the display reads "Luminan" and the colour saturation can be adjusted. Using the controls $UP(\blacktriangle)$ or $DOWN(\blacktriangledown)$ the display reads "Hueṅdị" and the colour hue can be adjusted.

Both adjustments go from a minimum of **001** to a maximum of **060**.

In order to cancel colour saturation or hue adjustment, type 88 Set TV Off.

The display reads "SetTvOff"

To restore the standard colour saturation or hue values, type 89 TV Default.

The display reads "TyDefault".

MANUAL RHYTHM INSTRUMENTS (90-98 DRUM SET BANK)

Functions 90-98 • Drum Set Bank

The MANUAL DRUM allows you to play manual rhythmic sequences using the keys with the respective symbols of the percussion rhythmic components.

Typing **90**, the display reads "DrmStd" and the Drum Standard percussion instrument block is activated. With **91** "DrumFoom", the Drum Room block is activated. With **92** "DrmPower" the Drum Power block, with **93** "DrumElec" the Drum Electric block, with **94** "DrmTR8O8" the Drum TR 808 block, **95** "DrumJazz" the Drum Jazz block, **96** "DrmBrush" the Drum Brush block, **97** "DrmOrch" the Drum Orchestra block and with **98** "Drum Off" the Drum block is excluded.

To adjust the volume, act on **VOLUME SECTION** when the **STYLE** control is active with the LED on.

At the end of the User Manual, the 'DRUM SET TABLE' has a list of the rhythmic instruments.

The rhythmic components are amplified from the right loudspeaker to the left with a stereophonic mix.

To exit from this percussion instrument block, just select another sound.



16. USB FLASH DRIVE

The *USB Flash Drive* (not included) is an external memory where you can save the recordings carried out with the Sequencer of the instrument or **SMF** (**S**tandard **M**idi **F**iles) uploaded from a Personal Computer.

The midi backing tracks with the abbreviation SMF (Standard Midi Files) can be found in the best music shops or on the Web.

Copying files from PC hard disk to USB Flash Drive

It is possible to transfer files present on a computer hard disk onto an instrument by copying them onto the *USB Flash Drive*, and then connecting it to the keyboard. Once the data has been copied, connect the *USB Flash Drive* to the USB TO DEVICE port behind the instrument and reproduce the .MID and .KAR songs.





The TK 89 keyboard reads the SMF data present in the *USB Flash Drive*, it uploads them in the internal memory and plays the backing track. If an external TV is connected, the texts of the song can be viewed (if there are any) for karaoke.

How to use it

Insert the *USB Flash Drive* in the relevant socket (USB TO DEVICE) behind the instrument. The LEE control lights up automatically and the name of the first SMF or the names of the folders containing the SMFs appear on the display.

N.B.: When connecting the **USB Flash Drive** to the USB TO DEVICE port, make sure to insert it correctly. Do not try to force it the wrong way.

Press the PLAY () control, the display reads "Lading" while the file is uploaded in the memory. The music is then played and the text of the song (if present) shows up on the external TV screen.





To adjust the VOLUME, act on the controls + / - of **VOLUME SECTION**. The display reads "Seq.Vol." with the desired volume value.

The controls for 'navigating' inside the *USB Flash Drive* are $UP(\triangle)$ and $DOWN(\nabla)$ to scroll the les or folders, $BACK(\triangleleft)$ to go back, $ENTER(\square)$ to enter a folder or to stop the backing track being yed and $PLAY(PAUSE(\square))$ to start the selected backing track or to pause it.



Excluding the melody (Melody On/Off)

When uploading a midi file from the *USB Flash Drive* and it is carried out, the trace of the melody can be excluded (normally midi channel 4).

To exclude the melody trace, type **83 Melody Off**. To restore it, type **82 Melody On**.

The display reads "MelodyOff" or "MelodyOn".

Continuous playing of MIDI files (Medley On/Off)

It is possible to automatically play the MIDI files contained in a folder of the USB Flash Drive.

Press the LSE control. The light turns on. Select a folder of the *USB Flash Drive*, press *ENTER* (), type **37 Medley On** and press *PLAY* (). Right after the "Loading" of the display, all of the midi files of that folder will play automatically one after the other. The function is not active when the instrument is turned on. To deactivate it, type **38 Medley Off**. The display read "MedleyOff" or "MedleyOff".

List of USB Flash Drive files and folders on TV (Info TV On/Off)

It is possible to view the contents of the *USB Flash Drive* on the TV screen.

Type **84 Info TV On** to view it on the TV screen or **85 Info TV Off** to exclude viewing. The display reads "info Tv On" or "info Tv Off". Normally 84 Info TV On is active.

N.B.:

For quicker management of reading SMF, it is recommended not to save too many files per folder.

The names of files longer than 50 characters or with special accents are not recognised. It is therefore recommended to rename them with a Personal Computer.

<u>ATTENTION</u>: Do not frequently turn the USB memory device on and off. Do not connect and disconnect the cable too often to avoid possible blocking of the instrument. DO NOT disconnect the USB cable, DO NOT remove the support from the device and DO NOT turn off either of the two devices while the instrument is accessing data (for example, during saving and elimination operations). Otherwise the data of one of the two devices could be damaged.

<u>ATTENTION</u>: Some USB memory devices could require more power than that which is supplied by the instrument and therefore could set off the overloading protection function making it impossible to use the device. To restore normal functioning, remove the USB device from the USB TO DEVICE port, turn off the instrument and then turn it back on. Some devices, such as a USB Hard Disk, are not supported as they absorb too much power. Do not connect them.

Data protection (write protection switch)

Some *USB Flash Drive* memory devices are equipped with a write protection switch. In order to prevent accidental cancellation of important data saved in the *USB Flash Drive* memory, turn the write protection switch on the device to the "protection" position. To save data, make sure that the write protection switch is on "writing".

How to find the MIDI files

On the Web or in music shops, you can find a countless number of midi files of all types of Classical or Modern songs that can you can listen to with the keyboard or use as orchestra backing tracks to play a melody.

NB: Sometimes the midi files found on Internet were done for special Midi instruments or devices which do not respect the MIDI standard or else have special added functions just for those products. In these cases, the song might not be reproduced with the same sounds or effects as the original. In any event, the keyboard respects the standard GM, with the addition of many commonly used functions visible on the map found on the instrument's manual.

Messages on the display

Usb FD Enn: USB Flash Drive error

Reading: USB Flash Drive is reading

Please wait: Standby request

Write error: USB Flash Drive writing error

FileTooBig: S.M.F. too big to be uploaded in the memory

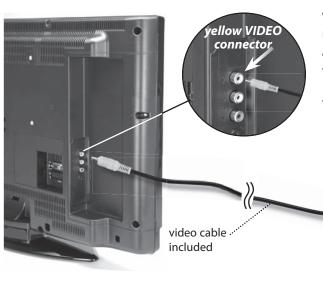
MidiFileEnn: S.M.F. error

17. KARAOKE

TK 89 is capable of reading the texts of the songs inside the *USB Flash Drive*, realised in the most widespread formats. Thanks to the built-in video interface, you just need to connect the keyboard to a normal TV set to view the words on the screen which will light up in various colours, synchronised with the music.



18. CONNECTION TO A TELEVISION

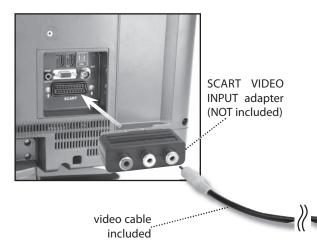


VIDEO connection

Use the video cable supplied with the instrument to connect the keyboard to a TV set as shown:

- Turn the TV on and do what is needed to select the video input terminal (usually AV).
- Turn the keyboard on.





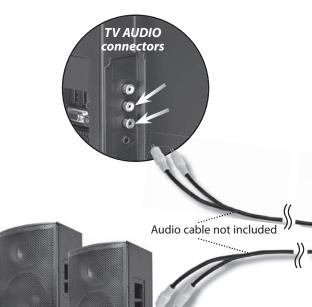
If the TV does not have a VIDEO socket (yellow) but only the SCART socket, the user must have a SCART VIDEO INPUT adapter. In this case, the connection will be performed as shown in the figure:



IMPORTANT:

Consult the documentation attached to the TV set for information on how to configure the required settings.

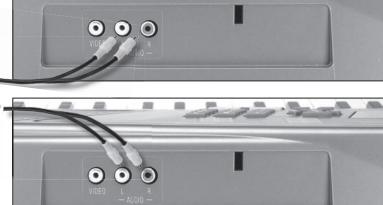
A television normally supports NTSC or PAL as colour systems. The system supported by the keyboard corresponds to the one used in the geographical area where the keyboard was purchased.



external amplification

AUDIO connection

The AUDIO output (AUDIO L/R) of the keyboard can be connected to the AUDIO input of a TV or of an external amplifier through the relevant cable (not included).



19. SYNTH SOUNDS SECTION

The SYNTH SOUNDS section includes sounds from **201** to **216** which can be programmed using the "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" program uploaded on a PC.

To restore the original sounds, type 42 Clear Synth.



The "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" program

How to download the "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" program from the website www.farfisa.eu

Enter the site <u>www.farfisa.eu</u>. Point the mouse on "*Keyboards*" and click TK 89; Go to the list "*Main Features*" and click "*16 Synth Sounds editable by computer interface*". Then click "*Download Synth Sound Maker*" and follow the instructions to download the program and to install it on the PC (Windows XP, Vista, Windows 7 operative systems).

Connect the TK 89 keyboard to the PC using the provided USB cable.

First turn on the keyboard and then open "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker". The PC will display the following mask:



The entries at the top left: "MIDI Out", "Zoom" and "Help"

MIDI Out: to select "USB Speaker", if the setting is not automatic;

Zoom: to enlarge or reduce visualisation of the mask on the PC

Help: indicates the version of the "FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" program

On / Off

Turning on and off. To activate the program, click the **On / Off** lever. The LED turns on. To turn it off, click the **On / Off** lever. The LED turns off.

Master Volume

To adjust the general volume, turn the **Master volume** knob.

N.B.: To adjust volume using the knob-shaped controls, hold the left button of the mouse at the centre of the knob and move the mouse up or down to increase or decrease the value highlighted with the numbers 0 to 127. Or else click with the right button of the mouse inside the internal peripheral area of the knob to obtain the immediate value.

To listen to the sound, click the keys of the keyboard displayed on the PC or on your keyboard.



Sound selection

Point the mouse on the small 'triangle' below the writing **PRESET**, where initially there is the name "**Big Brass**". Click to view the list of the 16 sounds already programmed by the manufacturer.

Choose a sound and click the keys on the keyboard to listen to the new timbre. Every time a sound is changed, the values of the various parameters are updated and displayed automatically.

The arrows "<" and ">" allow you to select the sounds going back and forth.

The number of the sound selected is displayed with the numbers below the small triangle (∇). For example, "1/16" means that the 1st sound of the 16 has been selected.

PRESET section

'Triangle' (∇) – To select a sound on the list

< > - To select a sound moving back and forth

Change name – To assign the name to a new sound; type the new name and then click Enter.

File - To save or recall a sound from a folder in the PC

Save Sound – To save a sound with new parameters in the desired folder

Load Sound – To recall a sound from a folder in the PC

Save all Sound - To save the sound block in a folder of the PC

Load all Sound – To recall the sound block from a folder of the PC

Store to keyb. – It transfers all the parameters of the sound selected to one of the 16 sound locations (SOUND 201 - 216) of the TK89.

The new sound with the changed parameters stays in the memory even if the instrument turns off.

OSCILLATOR 1 and OSCILLATOR 2 sections:

OSCILLATOR 1 - To set the parameters of Oscillator number 1

VOLUME - To adjust the volume of the wave shape of oscillator 1

Wave shape – To choose among 4 wave shapes: Sinusoidal, Saw tooth, Triangular and Square

Octave - To set the sound octaves, -1 for lower pitches or +1, +2 o +3 for higher pitches.

Semitone - To set the semitone from 0 to +11. For higher or lower semitones, move the octave and then fix the desired semitone.

AMPLITUDE ENVELOPE - To set the amplitude envelope parameters.

The parameters are ATTACK, DECAY, SUSTAIN and RELEASE.

FILTER - To set the filter parameters.

The parameters are:

CUT OFF - To adjust the filter cut frequency

RESONANCE - To adjust the brightness of the filter

VIBRATO - To set the depth of the vibrato

FILTER ENVELOPE - To set the parameters of the filter envelope.

ATTACK - to set the attack of the filter envelope

DECAY - to set the decay

SUST. - to set sustain

RELEASE - to set release.



OSCILLATOR 2 - To set the parameters of Oscillator number 2.

The parameters of oscillator 1 and 2 have the same names but are set differently. They allow to obtain an infinite number of combinations.



GENERAL PARAMETERS section - To set the parameters of the effects

REVERB and CHORUS effects

The sounds created can be enhanced by adding Reverb and Chorus effects.

REVERB - 8 different types of Reverberation can be chosen:

Room 1, Room 2, Room 3, Hall 1, Hall 2, Plate, Delay and Pan Delay.

For this selection, click on the small triangle at the right of the writing REVERB and select one of the 8 effects.

The AMOUNT, DELAY and TIME parameters can set the values of the selected effect.

AMOUNT - to adjust the amount of Reverberation

DELAY - to adjust the delay

TIME - to set the time length.

The DELAY parameter works only for the "Delay" and "Pan delay" effects.

CHORUS - 8 different types of Chorus effects can be chosen:

Chorus 1, Chorus 2, Chorus 3, Chorus 4, Feedback, Flanger, Short Delay and Feedback Delay For this selection, click on the small triangle at the right of the writing CHORUS and select one of the 8 effects.

The **AMOUNT**, **FB**, **DELAY** and **DEPTH** parameters can set the values of the selected effect.

AMOUNT - to adjust the amount of chorus

FB (FeedBack) - to adjust the amount of signal feedback effect

DELAY - to adjust the delay

DEPTH - to adjust the depth of the modulations.

PORTAMENTO - The Portamento creates a pitch slide. It is activated by clicking the **On / Off** lever of PORTAMENTO. The LED turns on. To set the speed of the pitch slide, move the mouse on the **TIME** knob and set the desired value. To check the effect, first try to play a key on the right side of the keyboard and then one on the left, or vice versa.

EQUALIZER - The Equalizer acts on the LOW keys and on the high (HI) keys. To change the low keys, move the mouse on the **LOW** cursor up or down. To change the high keys, move the mouse on the **HI** cursor.



Parameter variations are more or less evident depending on the wave shape and the values assigned to the amplitude envelopes and to the filter envelopes.

How to program a sound

Example: sound xxxxx, assign the values carried to each parameter.

| OSCILLAT. 1 | | OSCILLAT. 2 | | GENERAL PARAMETERS | |
|-------------|--------|-------------|----------|--------------------|-----------|
| VOLUME | 113 | VOLUME | 87 | REVERB | Pan Delay |
| WAVE SHAPE | Square | WAVE SHAPE | Triangle | AMOUNT | 42 |
| OCTAVE | 1 | OCTAVE | 0 | DELAY | 40 |
| SEMITONE | 0 | SEMITONE | 0 | TIME | 61 |
| AMP. ENVEL. | | AMP. ENVEL. | | CHORUS | Flanger |
| ATTACK | 60 | ATTACK | 48 | AMOUNT | 78 |
| DECAY | 74 | DECAY | 64 | FB | 71 |
| SUSTAIN | 18 | SUSTAIN | 47 | DELAY | 96 |
| RELEASE | 64 | RELEASE | 71 | DEPTH | 82 |
| FILTER | | FILTER | | PORTAMENTO | |
| CUT OFF | 86 | CUT OFF | 32 | TIME | 52 |
| RESONANCE | 115 | RESONANCE | 104 | ON / OFF | ON |
| VIBRATO | 91 | VIBRATO | 24 | | |
| FILTER ENV. | | FILTER ENV. | | EQUALIZER | |
| ATTACK | 57 | ATTACK | 26 | LOW | 111 |
| DECAY | 85 | DECAY | 49 | HIGH | 27 |
| SUSTAIN | 25 | SUSTAIN | 25 | | |
| RELEASE | 87 | RELEASE | 75 | | |

"FARFISA Synth Sound Maker" parameter table

20. TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

| PROBLEM | POSSIBLE CAUSE AND SOLUTION |
|--|--|
| It does not switch on | Problem with the power supply. Connect the adaptor correctly. Ensure that the battery poles (+/–) are facing the correct direction, and control that the batteries are charged. |
| No sound when the keyboard is played. | The volume is set at a level that is too low. Use the VOLUME MASTER keys to raise the volume. |
| The automatic accompaniment does not play. | The accompaniment volume is set at 0. Use the VOLUME SECTION keys to raise the volume. |
| No sound is produced when the MIDI data are reproduced from a computer. | The USB-MIDI cable is not connected properly. Connect the USB-MIDI cable properly. Set MIDI DEVICE correctly. |
| Reproduction on the keyboard produces an unnatural sound when the keyboard is connected to a computer. | The MIDI THRU function of the computer is activated. Deactivate the MIDI THRU function of the computer. |
| When a mobile phone is used you can hear a noise. | The use of a mobile phone near to the computer may cause interference. To prevent this problem, switch the mobile phone off or use it at a distance from the keyboard. |
| No sound is produced even when the keyboard is played or reproducing a song. | Control that the headphones are not connected to the PHONES/OUTPUT socket of the rear panel. When headphone is connected to this socket, no sound is transmitted. |
| Sound timbre changes from one note to the next. | The method of sound generation uses multiple recordings (samples) of one instrument on the whole extension of the keyboard. It is therefore normal that the sound of the voice differs slightly from note to note. |
| Any other anomalies. | Switch off and then switch back on after a few seconds. |

Attention: To avoid annoying whistling (Larsen effect), do not hold the microphone close to the speaker.

21. MAINTENANCE AND REMARKS

When using electrical products, basic precautions must be followed, including the following:

- 1. Read all the instructions before using the product.
- **2**. When the product is used by children, supervision by an adult is advised.
- **3**. Do not use the product near water, for example near a bath tub, washbowl, kitchen sink, or near a swimming pool etc., or in a wet or humid basement.
- **4.** When connecting to the mains supply ensure that:
 - a) your hands are not wet (to avoid electric shocks);
 - **b)** do not pull on the cable.
- **5.** This product, either by itself, or when connected to an external amplifier and headphones or speakers, is capable of producing sound levels that can cause damage to hearing. Do not operate it for a long period of time at high volume levels or in any case at an uncomfortable volume level. Especially when using headphones, always moderate the volume.
- **6**. The product should be positioned so that it's location will provide adequate ventilation.
- **7.** The product should be positioned away from heat sources such as radiators, heaters or other products that produce heat.
- **8**. This product should only be connected to a power supply of the voltage corresponding to that shown on the label on the instrument using an AC/DC adaptor. This label, containing all electrical data, relevant warning messages and the instrument identification data, can be found on the underside of the product.

- **9**. If the product is not used for long periods, the AC/DC adaptor should be unplugged from mains.
- **10**. The adaptor must be connected directly to the mains supply without any other plugs.



- **11**. Do not obstruct the air entry points of the feeder with objects such as curtains, cloths, etc.
- **12**. Do not place the adaptor behind furniture or in hidden places.
- **13**. Do not place sticky or adhesive objects on the keyboard, such as burning candles.
- **14.** Care should be taken to avoid foreign objects falling into or liquid being splilt into the inside of the instrument through any of the slots or openings in the case.
- **15.** Ensure that the adapter is sufficiently ventilated and that the ventilation slits are not covered with objects such as newpapers, tablecloths, curtains, etc..
- **16**. Do not expose the keyboard or the adaptor to drops or sprays of any kind of liquid.
- 17. This product should be referred to an approved service centre when: a) It has been exposed to rain. b) It appears to operate incorrectly or shows a marked change in performance. c) It has been dropped or if the case has been damaged. d) Objects have fallen into the instrument or liquid has been spilt into or over it. e) The AC/DC adaptor has been damaged.
- **18.** Never attempt to repair your instrument yourself. Any operation should be referred to authorized personnel, otherwise the guarantee will be declared void.
- **19.** Do not use alcohol, solvents or similar chemical substances for cleaning. Use a soft cloth dampened in a bland solution of water and neutral detergent. Dip the cloth in the solution and then wring it until it is nearly dry.
- Keep this manual for future reference

22. CONNECTION OF THE KEYBOARD TO A PERSONAL COMPUTER

What is MIDI?

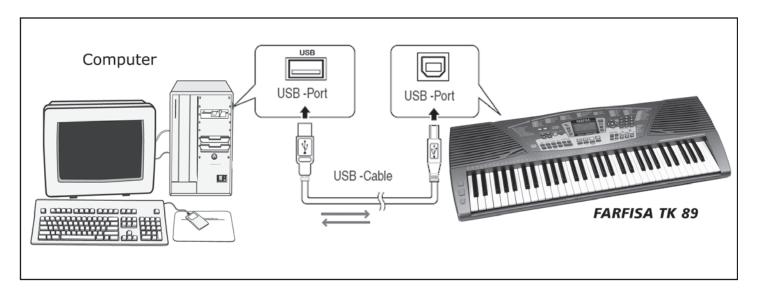
The acronym MIDI is the abbreviation of "Musical Instrument Digital Interface" and represents a standard for the transmission of data via cables between an electronic musical instrument and a personal computer or another electronic musical instrument.

The General Midi (GM) system

This keyboard adopts the General Midi (GM) system, a standard which allows users to receive or send data in MIDI format to a personal computer or to another keyboard without compatibility problems between musical instruments of different brands.

The TK 89 keyboard is equipped with a USB-MIDI plug for connection to the personal computer.

The connection takes place using the cable supplied as shown in the figure:



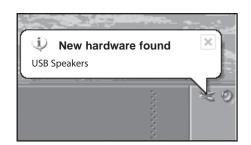
Minimum system requirements

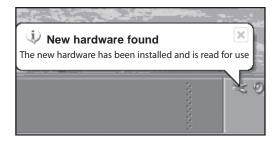
Personal computer with Pentium 3 800Mhz processor equipped with USB plug. Windows XP, Windows Vista or Windows 7 operative system.

Procedure for connection to the computer

Prior to connecting the keyboard, make sure that the computer is switched on and the keyboard switched off. Carry out the connection with the **cable supplied**. Switch on the instrument.

After a few seconds, a series of messages will appear on the computer:





At this point, the keyboard is correctly connected and recognised by the computer.

<u>Note</u>: The recognition of the keyboard by the computer takes places during the first connection; in subsequent connection no message will appear. Only the characteristic sound produced by the computer to indicate the insertion of a USB device will be heard.

Attention:

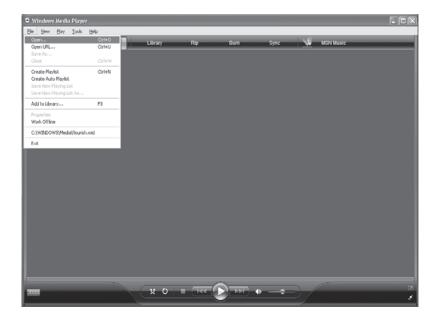
If the keyboard is not recognised by the computer and a USB device not recognised error message appears, repeat the operation. If the problem persists, check that the minimum requirements are respected.

Reproduction of a Midi file using Windows Media Player

"Windows Media Player" is included in the Windows packet. It is a program that can read Midi files and send the notes to the Farfisa keyboard connected to the computer.

To perform a MIDI file using "Windows Media Player" follow the operations below:

- Open the "Windows Media Player" program
- In the most recent versions the program does not have the "Open file" option. In this case, press CTRL M (Control M). This control shows a classical menu in which the open file option is displayed.
- Select File | Open | nomefile.mid where "nomefile.
 mid can be any MIDI file (as for example the file C:\
 WINDOWS\Media\fluorish.mid, present in
 Windows XP can be selected) and send it to be
 executed.
- To listen to the piece, press the Play (▶) button situated in the lower centre; Press the Stop button (■) to stop it.
- The keyboard will play the selected sequence.



Usable Programmes

In addition to WINDOWS Media Player, many other computer programmes are commercially available. They offer the possibility to expand the range of functions of the keyboard. Some allow the registration of pieces in Midi format. In other cases, it is possible to register on the computer what is being played on the keyboard. Later, the piece can be replayed, and its musical score can be visualised or printed. It is also possible to correct errors, change sounds, etc.

Many of these software programmes are also available on the Internet in Demo or Shareware format.

How to find the Midi Files

On the Internet or in music stores, countless Midi Files can be found for modern or classical music of all kinds. They can be played with the keyboard, or used as an orchestral base to play a melody.

Note: The Midi Files available on the Internet have sometimes been made for specific instruments. Some are Midi devises that do not respect the MIDI standard, others have their own specific additional functions. In such cases, it is possible that the musical piece will not be played with the same sounds and effects that are supposed to be used. In any event, the keyboard respects the GM standard, and has many commonly used functions that can be seen on the map on the instrument's manual.

Attention:

- If the keyboard or the computer freeze, switch off both devices and then switch on the keyboard again.
- Correct operation cannot be guaranteed if the instrument is switched off or the USB cable disconnected while a MIDI application is operational.
- Leave at least 10 seconds between switching off and switching on the keyboard and between the disconnection and connection of the USB cable.
- Make sure that the Midi application is closed prior to switching off the instrument of disconnecting the USB cable. If this
 should happen, close the Midi application, switch off instrument then switch it back on again and restart the Midi application.

23. FREE MUSICAL SOFTWARE DOWNLOADABLE FROM INTERNET

On the <u>www.farfisa.eu</u> site, free musical software is available, with instructions in various languages, to download onto your computer to record, modify and listen to MIDI musical tracks again using the keyboard.

24. STYLES

| FARMIN | | CTV// EC LICT |
|----------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| FAMILY | | STYLES LIST |
| | 001 | |
| | 002 | |
| 8/16 BEAT | 003 | 0 0 2 2 0 |
| 001 - 008 | 004 | |
| 001 - 008 | 005 | 16 BEAT 1 |
| | 006 | 16 BEAT 2 |
| | 007 | |
| | 008 | POP BALLAD |
| | 009 | ROCK |
| 5000 | 010 | HARD ROCK |
| ROCK | 011 | |
| 009 - 014 | 012 | |
| | 013 | |
| | 014 | ACID |
| | 015 | |
| | 016 | |
| | 017 | |
| DANCE | 018 | SKA |
| 015 - 023 | 019 | |
| | 020 | |
| | 021 | |
| | 022 | HULLY GULLY |
| | | |
| | 024 | |
| | 025 | |
| SWING | 020 | |
| | 027 | JAZZ BLUES |
| 024 - 032 | 029 | |
| | 030 | |
| | 031 | |
| | 032 | JAZZ WALTZ |
| | 033 | BLUES |
| | 034 | 52020 |
| | 035 | CHARLESTON |
| | 036 | DIXIE |
| | 037 | QUICK STEEP |
| AMERICA | 038 | BOOGIE 1 |
| 033 - 044 | 039 | TWIST |
| | 040 | RHYTHM & BLUES |
| | 041 | BLUE GRASS |
| | 042 | |
| | 043 | |
| | 044 | STEELER |
| | 045 | FOLK WALTZ |
| | 046 | |
| | 047 | |
| | 048 | |
| TRADITIONAL 1 | 049 | |
| 045 - 054 | 050 | ~ - ~ |
| | 051 | ~ - ~ |
| | 052 | |
| | 053 054 | |
| | | |
| | 055 | PASO DOBLE |
| | 056 | |
| | 057 | |
| TDADITIONALS | 058 | |
| TRADITIONAL 2 | 059 | RHUMBA 1 |
| 055 - 065 | 060 | RHUMBA 2 |
| | 061 | BEGUINE HADDY DOLKA |
| | 062 | |
| | 064 | |
| | 064 | SLOW ROCK 2 TARANTELLA |
| | 1 003 | IANANILLLA |

| FAMILY | STYLES LIST | |
|--------------|--|--|
| 17000121 | 066 SAMBA 1 | |
| | 067 SAMBA 2 | |
| | 068 BOSSA | |
| LATIN 1 | 069 SALSA 1 | |
| 066 - 074 | 070 SALSA 2 | |
| | 071 CHA CHA CHA 1 | |
| | 072 CHA CHA CHA 2 073 MERENGUE 1 | |
| | 074 MERENGUE 2 | |
| | 075 MAMBO | |
| | 076 REGGAE | |
| | 077 BOLERO | |
| LATIN 2 | 078 CUMBIA | |
| 075 - 083 | 079 GUARACHA | |
| | 080 BACHATA | |
| | 081 CALYPSO | |
| | 082 LAMBADA 083 MACARENA | |
| | 084 7/8 LAZ | |
| ORIENTAL | 084 778 LAZ 085 BOLORO | |
| 084 - 087 | 086 ISTSOKAK | |
| | 087 SOPAR | |
| | 088 8 BEAT | |
| | 089 16 BEAT | |
| | 090 BALLAD | |
| PIANIST | 091 ROMANTIC | |
| 088 - 095 | 092 SWING | |
| | 093 BLUES 094 ROCK'N ROLL | |
| | 095 BOSSANOVA | |
| | 096 DJ GARAGE | |
| DJ STYLES | 097 DJ HIP HOP | |
| 096 - 100 | 098 DJ PROGRESSIVE | |
| 050 - 100 | 099 DJTECHNO | |
| | 100 DJTRIBE | |
| | 101 SLOW ROCK 3 102 OLD TIME | |
| | 102 OLD TIME 103 CLARINET | |
| | 104 JUG BIG BAND | |
| | 105 SUN ROCK | |
| | 106 U.S. MARCH | |
| | 107 HAWAIAN | |
| | 108 RHUMBA 3 | |
| | 109 POLISH WALTZ 110 STELLE | |
| CONC CTVI EC | 111 GOSPEL | |
| SONG STYLES | 112 XMAS WALTZ | |
| 101 - 125 | 113 NAPOLI 1 | |
| | 114 NAPOLI 2 | |
| | 115 NAPOLI 3 | |
| | 116 CAN CAN 117 SLOW WALTZ 3 | |
| | 117 SLOW WALTZ 3 118 SLOW WALTZ 4 | |
| | 119 ROMANZE | |
| | 120 JINGLE BELLS | |
| | 121 SILENT NIGHT | |
| | 122 RANCHERO | |
| | 123 XMASTREE | |
| | 124 MINUETTO | |
| | 125 JOY TO THE WORLD | |

25. SOUNDS

| FAMILY | SOUNDS LIST |
|----------------------------------|--|
| PIANO 001 - 008 | 001 GRAND PIANO 002 BRIGHT PIANO 003 EL. GRD PIANO 004 HONKY TONK 005 EL. PIANO 1 006 EL. PIANO 2 007 HARPSICHORD 008 CLAVINET |
| CHROM PERCUSSION 009 - 016 | 009 CELESTA 010 GLOCKENSPIEL 011 MUSIC BOX 012 VIBRAPHONE 013 MARIMBA 014 XYLOPHONE 015 TUBULAR BELLS 016 DULCIMER |
| ORGAN 017 - 024 | 017 DRAWBAR ORGAN 018 PERCUSS. ORGAN 019 ROCK ORGAN 020 CHURCH ORGAN 021 REED ORGAN 022 ACCORDION 023 HARMONICA 024 TANGO ACCORD. |
| GUITAR 025 - 032 | 025 NYLON GUITAR 026 STEEL GUITAR 027 JAZZ GUITAR 028 CLEAN GUITAR 029 MUTED GUITAR 030 OVERDR. GUITAR 031 DISTORT. GUITAR 032 HARMON. GUITAR |
| BASS 033 - 040 | 033 ACOUSTIC BASS 034 FINGER BASS 035 PICKED BASS 036 FRETLESS BASS 037 SLAP BASS 1 038 SLAP BASS 2 039 SYNTH BASS 1 040 SYNTH BASS 2 |
| STRINGS 041 - 048 | 041 VIOLIN 042 VIOLA 043 CELLO 044 CONTRABASS 045 TREMOLO STR 046 PIZZICATO STR 047 HARP 048 TIMPANI |
| ENSEMBLE 049 - 056 | 049 STRINGS ENSEMBLE 1050 STRINGS ENSEMBLE 2051 SYNTH STRINGS 1052 SYNTH STRINGS 2 |

| FAMILY | SOUNDS LIST | | |
|----------------------------|---|--|--|
| ENSEMBLE 049 - 056 | 053 CHOIR AAHS054 VOICE OOHS055 SYNTH VOICE056 ORCHESTRA HIT | | |
| BRASS 057 - 064 | 057 TRUMPET 058 TROMBONE 059 TUBA 060 MUTED TRUMPET 061 FRENCH HORN 062 BRASS SECTION 063 SYNTH BRASS 1 064 SYNTH BRASS 2 | | |
| REED 065 - 072 | 065 SOPRANO SAX 066 ALTO SAX 067 TENOR SAX 068 BARITONE SAX 069 OBOE 070 ENGLISH HORN 071 BASSOON 072 CLARINET | | |
| WIND 073 - 080 | 073 PICCOLO 074 FLUTE 075 RECORDER 076 PAN FLUTE 077 BLOWN BOTTLE 078 SHAKUHACHI 079 WHISTLE 080 OCARINA | | |
| SYNTH LEAD 081 - 088 | 081 SQUARE 082 SAWTOOTH 083 CALLIOPE 084 CHIFFER LEAD 085 CHARANG 086 LEAD VOICE 087 FIFTHS SAW 088 BASS LEAD | | |
| SYNTH PAD 089 - 096 | 089 NEW AGE 090 WARM PAD 091 POLYSYNTH 092 SPACE VOICE 093 BLOWED GLASS 094 METALLIC PAD 095 HALO PAD 096 SWEEP PAD | | |
| SYNTH EFFECTS 097 - 104 | 097 ICE RAIN 098 SOUNDTRACK 099 CRYSTAL 100 ATMOSPHERE 101 BRIGHTNESS 102 GOBLINS 103 ECHO DROPS 104 SCI-FI | | |

SOUNDS

| EALAH V | L COUNDS LIST |
|----------------------------|--|
| FAMILY | SOUNDS LIST |
| ETHNIC 105 - 112 | 105 SITAR 106 BANJO 107 SHAMISEN 108 KOTO 109 KALIMBA 110 BAG PIPE 111 FIDDLE 112 SHANAI |
| PERCUSSIVE 113 - 120 | 113 TINKLE BELL 114 AGOGO 115 STEEL DRUMS 116 WOODBLOCK 117 TAIKO DRUM 118 MELODIC TOM 119 SYNTH DRUM 120 REVERSE CYMBAL |
| SOUND EFFECTS 121 - 128 | 121 GUITAR FRET N. 122 BREATH NOISE 123 SEASHORE 124 BIRD TWEET 125 TELEPHONE RING 126 HELICOPTER 127 APPLAUSE 128 GUN SHOT |
| STAGE SOUNDS 129 - 168 | 129 REAL PIANO 130 PIANO STRINGS 131 PIANO PAD 132 DYN EL. PIANO 133 EL. PIANO PAD 134 GRAND ELECTRIC 135 STAGE EL. PIANO 136 PAD EL PIANO 137 SPACE PIANO 138 HARPSY SYNTH 139 FULL ORGAN 140 BIG PERCUSSION 141 BIG PIPE 142 PIPE CHORUS 143 MASTER FISA 144 SPACE FISA 145 STAGE ACCORDION 146 STRINGS TREMOLO 147 12 STRINGS GUITAR 148 FOLK GUITAR 149 SPANISH GUITAR 150 WARM GUITAR 151 BIG SYNTH 152 VIOLIN ENSEMBLE 153 FAT STRINGS 154 ORCHESTRA 155 SWEET 156 ORIENTAL 157 FAT BRASS 158 FANFARE 159 BRASSIN' 160 ALIEN |

| | <u> </u> |
|---------------------------|---|
| FAMILY | SOUNDS LIST |
| STAGE SOUNDS 129 - 168 | 161 HARP ENSAMBLE 162 PIZZICO 163 SAX ENSAMBLE 164 CARILLON 165 BAROQUE 166 TITANIC 167 PUFF ORGAN 168 JAZZ CLUB |
| FM SOUNDS 169 - 198 | 169 DX ORCHESTRA 170 SYNTH BELL 171 SYNTH BRASS 172 OLD GUITAR 173 SYNTH BASS 3 174 80'S PIANO 175 THUMB BASS 176 FARFISA 177 CHINA HARP 178 ARMONIUM 179 SOLINA 180 TOY PIANO 181 SINE 182 RICE SYNTH 183 LEAD SYNTH 184 SYNTH 1 185 SYNTH 2 186 HARD SYNTH 187 FM PAD 188 SYNTH HORN 199 FM EL. GUITAR 190 WARM EL. PIANO 191 PERCUSSION 192 GOSPEL ORCH. 193 FM HARPSY 194 TB BASS 195 LITURGIC 196 ALIEN CHORUS 197 OLD PADS 198 ATMOSPHERE |
| DRUM SET 199 - 200 | 199 STANDARD DRUM 200 POWER DRUM |
| SYNTH SOUNDS 201-216 | 201 BIG BRASS 202 TOTO BRASS 203 BRASS STRINGS 204 BIG STRINGS 205 ORGAN 1 206 ORGAN 2 207 WARM 208 ORGAN PAD 209 GHOST 210 FIVE PAD 211 ACID LINE 212 APRIL 213 BIG LEAD 214 MINI LEAD 215 ANGRY LEAD 216 DEEP PASS |

26. SONGS)

| SONG TITLE | TK 89 SONG N° | MUSIC BOOK SONG N° | SONG TITLE | TK 89 SONG N° | MUSIC BOOK SONG N° |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| O SOLE MIO | 001 | х | HOME ON THE RANGE | 026 | 074 |
| TORNA A SURRIENTO | 002 | Х | DARK EYES | 027 | 076 |
| FUNICULÌ FUNICULÀ | 003 | Х | YANKEE DOODLE | 028 | 087 |
| SANTA LUCIA | 004 | 010 | RED RIVER VALLEY | 029 | 088 |
| HOUSE OF THE RISING SUN | 005 | Х | LIGHTLY ROW | 030 | 095 |
| FUCHS DIE GANS GESTOHLEN | 006 | х | THE FARMER IN THE DELL | 031 | 096 |
| MICHAEL ROW THE BOAT | 007 | х | SUM SUM SUM | 032 | х |
| <u>J'AI PERDU LE DO</u> | 008 | Х | LONG LONG AGO | 033 | х |
| TROIKA | 009 | Х | LA CUCARACHA | 034 | 006 |
| WHEN THE SAINTS | 010 | 039 | ALOHA OE | 035 | х |
| SIPPIN' CIDER | 011 | х | CARIOCA | 036 | х |
| DANNY BOY | 012 | х | ECHO AUS TIROL | 037 | х |
| I'VE BEEN WORKING | 013 | X | CAN CAN | 038 | 021 |
| LITTLE BROWN JUG | 014 | Х | CIELITO LINDO | 039 | 041 |
| SHE WORE A YELLOW RIBBON | 015 | Х | KATJUSCHA | 040 | 044 |
| TURKEY IN THE STRAW | 016 | X | ANNIE LAURIE | 041 | х |
| MY OLD KENTUCKY HOME | 017 | х | MY BONNIE | 042 | x |
| JAMAICA FAREWELL | 018 | х | AURA LEE | 043 | 059 |
| SZLA DZIEWECZKA | 019 | X | MEXICAN HAT DANCE | 044 | 085 |
| WALTZING MATILDA | 020 | х | KOMM LIEBER MAI | 045 | 093 |
| OH! SUSANNA | 021 | 063 | UNDER THE CHESTNUT TREE | 046 | х |
| MY DARLING CLEMENTINE | 022 | 066 | GRANDFATHER'S CLOCK | 047 | х |
| JOHN BROWN BODY | 023 | 068 | ARIA SULLA IV CORDA | 048 | 800 |
| MY LORD WHAT A MORNING | 024 | 072 | SYMPHONY N.5 (ADAGIO) | 049 | х |
| THE CAMPTOWN RACES | 025 | 073 | MOZART OP.40 | 050 | 036 |

SONGS

| SONG TITLE | TK 89 SONG N° | MUSIC BOOK SONG N° | SONG TITLE | TK 89 SONG N° | MUSIC BOOK SONG N° |
|--------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| TRÄUMEREI | 051 | 037 | HAPPY BIRTHDAY | 076 | 007 |
| PRIMAVERA | 052 | 038 | ALOUETTE | 077 | 060 |
| RADETZKY MARCH | 053 | 040 | LONDON BRIDGE | 078 | 062 |
| DANZA DELLE ORE | 054 | 042 | MARY HAD A LITTLE LAMB | 079 | 064 |
| IL BRINDISI | 055 | 043 | TWINKLE LITTLE STAR | 080 | 065 |
| RONDÒ | 056 | 045 | FRERE JACQUES | 081 | 070 |
| MINUETTO | 057 | 061 | SUR LE PONT D'AVIGNON | 082 | 086 |
| ODE AN DIE FREUDE | 058 | 069 | WIENER BLUT | 083 | х |
| MELODIA | 059 | 071 | ÜBER DEN WELLEN | 084 | х |
| SONATINE IN G | 060 | 077 | FRÜHLINGSTIMMEN | 085 | х |
| POLOVETZIAN DANCE | 061 | 078 | WIEGENLIED | 086 | Х |
| MINUETTO IN G | 062 | 079 | ROSE DEL SUD | 087 | 023 |
| ALLEGRO APPASSIONATO | 063 | 081 | FASCINATION | 088 | 024 |
| ANDANTE | 064 | 082 | AULD LANG SYNE | 089 | х |
| CANTATA | 065 | 092 | FRÖHLICHER LANDMANN | 090 | Х |
| WE WISH YOU A MERRY XMAS | 066 | Х | LIEBESTRAUM | 091 | Х |
| TU SCENDI DALLE STELLE | 067 | Х | DIE FLEDERMAUS | 092 | х |
| SILENT NIGHT | 068 | 009 | ACH DU LIEBER AUGUSTIN | 093 | Х |
| JINGLE BELLS | 069 | 020 | WALTZ FROM SWAN LAKE | 094 | 067 |
| ROMANZE IN F | 070 | 022 | DU, DU LIEGST MIR IM HERZEN | 095 | 075 |
| GREENSLEEVES | 071 | 025 | WILDER REITER | 096 | 080 |
| OH! CHRISTMAS TREE | 072 | 026 | ONDE DEL DANUBIO | 097 | 089 |
| JOY TO THE WORLD | 073 | Х | BARCAROLLE | 098 | 090 |
| O COME ALL YE FAITHFULL | 074 | 083 | IL CARNEVALE DI VENEZIA | 099 | 091 |
| GOOD KING WENCESLAS | 075 | 084 | LA DONNA È MOBILE | 100 | 094 |

27. DRUM SET TABLE (MIDI CHANNEL 10)

| | | Program Change 1 HQ STANDARD SET 1 Drum SET 90-199 | Program Change 9 HQ ROOM SET Drum SET 91 | Program Change 17 HQ POWER SET Drum SET 92-200 | Program Change 25 HQ ELECTRIC SET Drum SET 93 |
|------|---------------|--|--|--|---|
| 27 [| D#1 | High Q | | | |
| 28 E | 1 | Slap | | | |
| 29 F | 1 | Scratch Push | | | |
| 30 F | #1 | Scratch Pull | | | |
| | 51 | Sticks | | | |
| 32 (| | Square Click | | | |
| | | Metronome Click | | | |
| | \#1 | Metronome Bell | | | |
| | | HQ STD1 Kick2 | HQ Room Kick2 | HQ Power Kick2 | HQ Elec Kick2 |
| | | HQ STD1 Kick1 | HQ Room Kick1 | HQ Power Kick1 | HQ Elec Kick1 |
| | C#2 | Side Stick | | | |
| | | HQ STD1 Snare1 | HQ Room Snare1 | Gated Snare | Elec SD |
| | | Hand Clap | | | |
| | | Snare Drum 2 | HQ Room Snare1 | HQ Power Snare1 | HQ Elec Snare1 |
| | | HQ Low Floor Tom | HQ Power Low Tom2 | HQ Power Low Tom2 | Elec Low Tom2 |
| | | Closed Hi Hat [EXC1] | | | |
| | | HQ High Floor Tom | HQ Power Low Tom1 | HQ Power Low Tom1 | Elec Low Tom1 |
| | | Pedal Hi-Hat [EXC1] | | | |
| | | HQ Low Tom | HQ Power Mid Tom2 | HQ Power Mid Tom2 | Elec Mid Tom2 |
| | \#2 | Open Hi-Hat [EXC1] | 1100 | | |
| | | HQ Low-Mid Tom | HQ Power Mid Tom1 | HQ Power Mid Tom1 | Elec Mid Tom1 |
| | | HQ Hi Mid Tom | HQ Power Hi Tom2 | HQ Power Hi Tom2 | Elec Hi Tom2 |
| | | Crash Cymbal 1 | | | |
| | | HQ High Tom | HQ Power Hi Tom1 | HQ Power Hi Tom1 | Elec Hi Tom1 |
| _ | | Ride Cymbal 1 | | | |
| | 3 | Chinese Cymbal | | | Reverse Cymbal |
| | | Ride Bell | | | |
| | #3 | Tambourine | | | |
| | | Splash Cymbal | | | |
| | G#3 | Cowbell | | | |
| | \3 | Crash Cymbal 2 | | | |
| | \#3 | Vibraslap | | | |
| | | Ride Cymbal 2 | | | |
| | | Hi Bongo | | | |
| | | Low Bongo Mute Hi Conga | | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | | |
| | D#4 E4 | Open Hi Conga Low Conga | <u> </u> | | |
| | | High Timbale | <u> </u> | | |
| | | Low Timbale | <u> </u> | | |
| | | High Agogo | <u> </u> | | |
| | 5#4 | Low Agogo | - | | |
| | | Cabasa | | | <u> </u> |
| | \#4 | Maracas | | | |
| | | Short Whistle[EXC2] | | | |
| | | Long Whistle[EXC2] | | | |
| | | Short Guiro [EXC3] | | | |
| | | Long Guiro [EXC3] | | | |
| | D#5 | Claves | | | |
| | | Hi Wood Block | | | |
| | | Low Wood Block | | | |
| | | MuteCuica [EXC4] | <u> </u> | | |
| | | Open Cuica [EXC4] | | | |
| | | Mute Triangle [EXC5] | | | |
| | | Open Triangle[EXC5] | | | |
| | \#5 | Shaker | | | |
| | 35 | Jingle Bell | | | |
| | | Belltree | | | |
| | Z#6 | Castanets | | | |
| | | Mute Surdo [EXC6] | | | |
| | D#6 | Open Surdo [EXC6] | | | |
| | 6 | Slap | | | |
| | 6 | Metronome 1 | | | |
| | J | MICHOLIUTIC I | 1 | 1 | 1 |

Notes

Blank : Same sound as "Standard Set"

[EXC] : Sounds with same EXC number are mutually exclusive

DRUM SET TABLE (MIDI CHANNEL 10)

| | Program Change 26 HQ TR 808 SET Drum SET 94 | Program Change 33 JAZZ SET Drum SET 95 | Program Change 41 BRUSH Drum SET 96 | Program Change 49 ORCHESTRA Drum SET 97 |
|-----------------|---|--|---|---|
| 27 D#1 | | | | Closed Hi Hat |
| 28 E1 | | | | Pedal Hi-Hat |
| 29 F1 | | | | Open Hi Hat |
| 30 F#1 | | | | Ride Cymbal |
| 31 G1 | | <u> </u> | | - inde cymiau |
| 32 G#1 | | | | |
| 33 A1 | | | | |
| 34 A#1 | | | | |
| 35 B1 | HQ 909 BD | Jazz BD2 | Jazz BD2 | Concert BD 2 |
| 36 C2 | HQ 808 BD | Jazz BD1 | Jazz BD1 | Concert BD 1 |
| 37 C#2 | 808 Rim shot | Jazz BD I | Jazz BD1 | Concert BD 1 |
| 38 D2 | 808 Snare Drum | | Brush Tap | Concert SD |
| 39 D#2 | 808 Share Druin | | Brush Slap | Castanets |
| 40 E2 | HQ 909 Snare | | Brush Swirl | Concert SD |
| 40 E2 41 F2 | 808 Low Tom2 | | Brush Swift | Timpani F |
| 41 F2 42 F#2 | 808 CHH [EXC1] | | | Timpani F# |
| 42 F#2 43 G2 | 808 Low Tom2 | | | |
| | | | <u> </u> | Timpani G Timpani G# |
| 44 G#2 | 808 CHH [EXC1] 808 Mid Tom2 | | | |
| 45 A2 | | | | Timpani A |
| 46 A#2 | 808 OHH [EXC1] | | | Timpani A# |
| 47 B2 | 808 Mid Tom1 | | | Timpani B |
| 48 C3 | 808 Hi Tom2 | | | Timpani c |
| 49 C#3 | 808 Cymbal | | | Timpani c# |
| 50 D3 | 808 HiTom1 | | | Timpani d |
| 51 D#3 | _ | | | Timpani d# |
| 52 E3 | _ | | | Timpani e |
| 53 F3 | | | | Timpani f |
| 54 F#3 | | | | |
| 55 G3 | | | | |
| 56 G#3 | 808 Cowbell | | | |
| 57 A3 | | | | Concert Cymbal2 |
| 58 A#3 | | | | |
| 59 B3 | | | | Concert Cymbal1 |
| 60 C4 | | | | |
| 61 C#4 | | | | |
| 62 D4 | 808 High Conga | | | |
| 63 D#4 | 808 Mid Conga | | | |
| 64 E4 | 808 Low Conga | | | |
| 65 F4 | | | | |
| 66 F#4 | | | | |
| 67 G4 | | | | |
| 68 G#4 | | | | |
| 69 A4 | | | | |
| 70 A#4 | 808 Maracas | | | |
| 71 B4 | | | | |
| 72 C5 | | | | |
| 73 C#5 | | | | |
| 74 D5 | | | | |
| 75 D#5 | 808 Claves | | | |
| 76 E5 | | | | |
| 77 F5 | | | | |
| 78 F#5 | | | | |
| 79 G5 | | | | |
| 80 G#5 | | | | |
| 81 A5 | | | | |
| 82 A#5 | | | | |
| 83 B5 | | | | |
| 84 C6 | | | | |
| 85 C#6 | | | | |
| 86 D6 | | | | |
| 87 D#6 | | | | |
| 88 E6 | | | | |
| 89 F6 | | | | |
| 09 10 | | | | |

28. MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

| MIDI MESSAGE | HEX CODE | DESCRIPTION | COMPA TIBI- LITY |
|-----------------------|-------------|---|------------------------|
| NOTE ON | 9nH kk vv | Midi channel n(0-15) note ON #kk(1-127), velocity vv(1-127). vv=0 means NOTE OFF | MIDI |
| NOTE OFF | 8nH kk vv | Midi channel n(0-15) note OFF #kk(1-127), vv is don't care. | MIDI |
| PITCH BEND | EnH bl bh | Pitch bend as specified by bh bl (14 bits) Maximum swing is +/- 1 tone (power-up). Can be changed using « pitch bend sensitivity ». Center position is 00H 40H. | GM |
| PROGRAM CHANGE | СпН рр | Program (patch) change. Specific action on channel 10 (n=9): select drumset. Refer to sounds / drumset list. Drumsets can be assigned to other channels (see SYSEX MIDI channel to part assign and part to rhythm allocation) | GM/GS |
| CHANNEL AFTERTOUCH | DnH vv | vv pressure value. Effect set using Sys. Ex. 40H 2nH 20H-26H | MIDI |
| MIDI RESET | FFH | Reset to power-up condition | |
| CTRL 00 | BnH 00H cc | Bank select: Refer to sounds list. No action on drumset. cc=64 reserved for dream sound editor | GS/ FARFISA |
| CTRL 01 | BnH 01H cc | Modulation wheel. Rate and maximum depth can be set using SYSEX | MIDI |
| CTRL 05 | BnH 05H cc | Portamento time. | MIDI |
| CTRL 06 | BnH 06H cc | Data entry: provides data to RPN and NRPN | MIDI |
| CTRL 07 | BnH 07H cc | Volume (default=100) | MIDI |
| CTRL 10 | BnH 0AH cc | Pan (default=64 center) | MIDI |
| CTRL 11 | BnH 0BH cc | Expression (default=127) | MIDI/GM |
| CTRL 64 | BnH 40H cc | Sustain (damper) pedal | MIDI |
| CTRL 65 | BnH 41H cc | Portamento ON/OFF | MIDI |
| CTRL 66 | BnH 42H cc | Sostenuto pedal | MIDI |
| CTRL 67 | BnH 43H cc | Soft pedal | MIDI |
| CTRL 80 | BnH 50H vv | Reverb program vv=00H to 07H (default 04H) 00H : Room1 | FARFISA |
| CTRL 81 | BnH 51H vv | Chorus program vv=00H to 07H (default 02H) 00H : Chorus1 | FARFISA |
| CTRL 91 | BnH 5BH vv | Reverb send level vv=00H to 7FH | GS |
| CTRL 93 | BnH 5DH vv | Chorus send level vv=00H to 7FH | GS |
| CTRL 120 | BnH 78H 00H | All sound off (abrupt stop of sound on channel n) | MIDI |
| CTRL 121 | BnH 79H 00H | Reset all controllers | MIDI |
| CTRL 123 | BnH 7BH 00H | All notes off | MIDI |
| CTRL 126 | BnH 7EH 00H | Mono on | MIDI |
| CTRL 127 | BnH 7FH 00H | Poly on (default power-up) | MIDI |
| CTRL CC1 | BnH ccH vvH | Assignable Controller 1. cc=Controller number (0-5Fh), vv=Control value (0-7Fh). Control number (ccH) can be set on CC1 CONTROLLER NUMBER (Sys. Ex 40 1x 1F). The resulting effect is determined by CC1 controller function (Sys.Ex. 40 2x 40-4A) | GS |
| CTRL CC2 | BnH ccH vvH | Assignable Controller 2. cc=Controller number (00h-5Fh), vv=control value (0-7Fh). Control number can be set on CC2 CONTROLLER NUMBER (Sys.Ex. 40 1x 20). The resulting effect is determined by CC2 controller function (Sys.Ex.40 2x 50-5A). | |

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

| MIDI | HEX CODE | DESCRIPTION | COMPA |
|--------------------------|---|---|---------------|
| MESSAGE | | | TIBI- LITY |
| RPN 0001H | BnH 65H 00H 64H 01H 06H vv | Fine tuning in cents (vv=00 - 100, vv=40H 0, vv=7FH +100 | MIDI |
| RPN 0002H | BnH 65H 00H 64H 02H 06H vv | Coarse tuning in half-tones (vv=00 -64, vv=40H 0, vv=7FH +64 | MIDI |
| NRPN 0108H | BnH 63H 01H 62H 08H 06H vv | Vibrate rate modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 0109H | BnH 63H 01H 62H 09H 06H vv | Vibrate depth modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 010AH | BnN 63H 01H 62H 0AH 06H vv | Vibrate delay modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 0120H | Bnh 63H 01H 62H 20H 06H vv | TVF custoff freq modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 0121H | BnH 63H 01H 62H 21H 06H vv | TVF resonance modify (vv=40h-> no modif) GS | ~~ |
| NRPN 0163H | Bnh 63H 01H 62H 63H 06H vv | Env. attack time modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 0164H | BnH 63H 01H 62H 64H 06H vv | Env. decay time modify (vv=40h-> no modif) | GS |
| NRPN 0166H NRPN 18rrH | BnH 63H 01H 62H 66H 06H vv BnH 63H 18H 62H rr 06H vv | Env. release time modify (vv=40h-> no modif) Pitch coarse of drum instr. note rr in semitones (vv=40H -> no modif) | GS GS |
| NRPN 1811H | BnH 63H 1AH 62H rr 06H vv | Level of drum instrument note rr (vv=00 to 7FH) | GS |
| NRPN 1CrrH | BnH 63H 1CH 62H rr 06H vv | Pan of drum instrument note if (VV=00 to 7FH) Pan of drum instrument note if (40H = middle) | GS |
| NRPN 1DrrH | BnH 63H 1DH 62H rr 06H vv | Reverb send level of drum instrument note rr (vv=00 to 7FH) | GS |
| NRPN 1ErrH | BnH 63H 1EH 62H rr 06H vv | Chorus send level of drum instrument note rr (vv=00 to 7FH) (vv=00 to 7FH) | GS |
| Standard Sysex | F0H 7EH 7FH 09H 01H F7H | General MIDI reset | GM |
| Standard Sysex | F0H 7FH 7FH 04H 01H 00H 11 F7H | Master volume (Il=0 to 127, default 127) | GM |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 00H 00H dd dd | Master tune (default dd= 00H 04H 00H 00H) -100.0 to +100.0 cents. | GS |
| | dd dd xx F7H | Nibblized data should be used (always four bytes). For example, to | |
| | | tune to +100.0 cents, sent data should be 00H 07H 0EH 08H | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 00H 04H vv xx F7H | Master volume (default vv=7FH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 00H 05H vv xx F7H | Master key-shift (default vv=40H, no transpose) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 00H 06H vv xx F7H | Master pan (default vv=40H, center) | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 00H 7FH 00H xx F7H | GS reset | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40 01H 10H vv1 vv2 | Voice reserve : | GS |
| | vv3 vv4 vv5 vv6 vv7 vv8 vv9 vv10 vv11 | vv1= Part 10 (Default vv=2) | |
| | vv12 vv13 vv14 vv15 vv16 xx F7h | vv2 to vv10 = Part 1 to 9 (Default vv=2) vv11 to vv16= Part 11 to 16 (Default vv=0) | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 30H vv xx F7H | Reverb type (vv=0 to 7), default = 04H | GS |
| | | 00H : Room1 01H : Room2 | |
| | | 02H : Room3 03H : Hall1 | |
| | | 04H : Hall2 05H : Plate | |
| | | 06H : Delay 07H : Pan delay | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 31H vv xx F7H | Reverb character, default 04H | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 32H vv xx F7H | Reverb Pre-LPF, 0 to 7, default = 0 | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 33H vv xx F7H | Reverb master level, default = 64 | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 34H vv xx F7H | Reverb time | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 35H vv xx F7H | Reverb delay feedback. Only if reverb number=6 or 7 (delays) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 38H vv xx F7H | Chorus type (vv=0 to 7), default = 02H | GS |
| | | 00H : Chorus1 01H : Chorus2 | |
| | | 02H : Chorus3 03H : Chorus4 | |
| | | 04H : Feedback 05H : Flanger | |
| | | 06H : Short delay 07H : FB delay | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 39H vv xx F7H | Chorus Pre-LPF, 0 to 7, default = 0 | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 3AH vv xx | Chorus master level, default = 64 | GS |
| SYSEX | F7H F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 3BH vv xx | Chorus feedback | GS |
| SYSEX | F7H F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 3CH vv xx | Charus dalay | CS |
| SISEA | F7H 12H 40H 01H 3CH VV XX | Chorus delay | GS |

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

| MIDI MESSAGE | HEX CODE | DESCRIPTION | COMPA TIBI- |
|-----------------|---|--|----------------|
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 3DH vv xx | Chorus rate | GS |
| | F7H | | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 01H 3EH vv xx F7H | Chorus depth | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 02H nn xx F7H | MIDI channel to Part assign, p is part number (0H to FH), nn is MIDI channel (0H to FH, 10H=OFF). This SYSEX allows to assign several parts to a single MIDI channel or to mute a part. | GS |
| | | Relation between Block Number and Part number: Part MIDI channel (1 to 16) 0H 10 (DRUMS) 1H-9H 1-9 AH-FH 11-16 | |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 15H vv xx F7H | Part to rhythm allocation, p is part (0H to FH), vv is 00 (sound part) or 01 (rhythm part). This SYSEX allows a part to play sound or drumset. There is no limitation of the number of parts playing drumset. Default assignment: block 0H plays drums (default MIDI channel 10) all other parts play sound. | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 40H v1 v2 v12 xx F7H | Scale tuning, p is part (0H to FH), v1 to v12 are 12 semi-tones tuning values (C, C#, D, A#, B), in the range -64 (00H) 0 (40H) +63(7FH) cents. This SYSEX allows non chromatic tuning of the musical scale on a given MIDI channel. Default v1, v2, ,v12 = 40H, 40H,,40H (chromatic tuning). Scale tuning has no effect if the part is assigned to a rhythm channel or if the sound played is not of chromatic type. | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 1AH vv xx | Velocity slope from 00H to 7FH (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F7H F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 1BH vv xx | Velocity offset from 00H to 7FH (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F7H F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 1FH vv xx | CC1 Controller number (00-5FH) (default = 10H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F7H F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 1pH 20H vv xx F7H | CC2 Controller number (00-5FH) (default = 11H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 00H vv xx F7H | Mod pitch control (-24,+24 semitone) (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 01H vv xx F7H | Mod tvf cutoff control (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 02H vv xx F7H | Mod Amplitude control (-100%-+100%) (default=40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 03H vv xx F7H | Mod lfo1 rate control (default = 40H). n is don't care. Rate is common on all channels | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 04H vv xx F7H | Mod Ifo1 pitch depth (0-600 cents) (default=0AH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 05H vv xx F7H | Mod Ifo1 tvf depth (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 06H vv xx F7H | Mod Ifo1 tva depth (0-100%) (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 10H vv xx F7H | Bend pitch control (-24,+24 semitone) (default = 42H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 11H vv xx F7H | Bend tvf cutoff control (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 12H vv xx F7H | Bend Amplitude control (-100%-+100%) (default=40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 14H vv xx F7H | Bend lfo1 pitch depth (0-600 cents) (default=0AH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 15H vv xx F7H | Bend Ifo1 tvf depth (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 16H vv xx F7H | Bend Ifo1 tva depth (0-100%) (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 20H vv xx F7H | CAF pitch control (-24,+24 semitone) (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 21H vv xx F7H | CAF tvf cutoff control (default = 40H) | GS |

MIDI IMPLEMENTATION CHART

| MIDI MESSAGE | HEX CODE | DESCRIPTION | COMPA TIBI- LITY |
|-----------------|--|--|------------------------|
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 22H vv xx F7H | CAF Amplitude control (-100%-+100%) (default=40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 24H vv xx F7H | CAF lfo1 pitch depth (0-600 cents) (default=0AH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 25H vv xx F7H | CAF lfo1 tvf depth (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 26H vv xx F7H | CAF lfo1 tva depth (0-100%) (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 40H vv xx F7H | CC1 pitch control (-24,+24 semitone) (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 41H vv xx F7H | CC1 tvf cutoff control (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 42H vv xx F7H | CC1 Amplitude control (-100%-+100%) (default=40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 44H vv xx F7H | CC1 lfo1 pitch depth (0-600 cents) (default=0AH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 45H vv xx F7H | CC1 Ifo1 tvf depth (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 46H vv xx F7H | CC1 lfo1 tva depth (0-100%) (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 50H vv xx F7H | CC2 pitch control (-24,+24 semitone) (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 51H vv xx F7H | CC2 tvf cutoff control (default = 40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 52H vv xx F7H | CC2 Amplitude control (-100%-+100%) (default=40H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 54H vv xx F7H | CC2 Ifo1 pitch depth (0-600 cents) (default=0AH) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 55H vv xx F7H | CC2 Ifo1 tvf depth (default = 0H) | GS |
| SYSEX | F0H 41H 00H 42H 12H 40H 2pH 56H vv xx F7H | CC2 Ifo1 tva depth (0-100%) (default = 0H) | GS |

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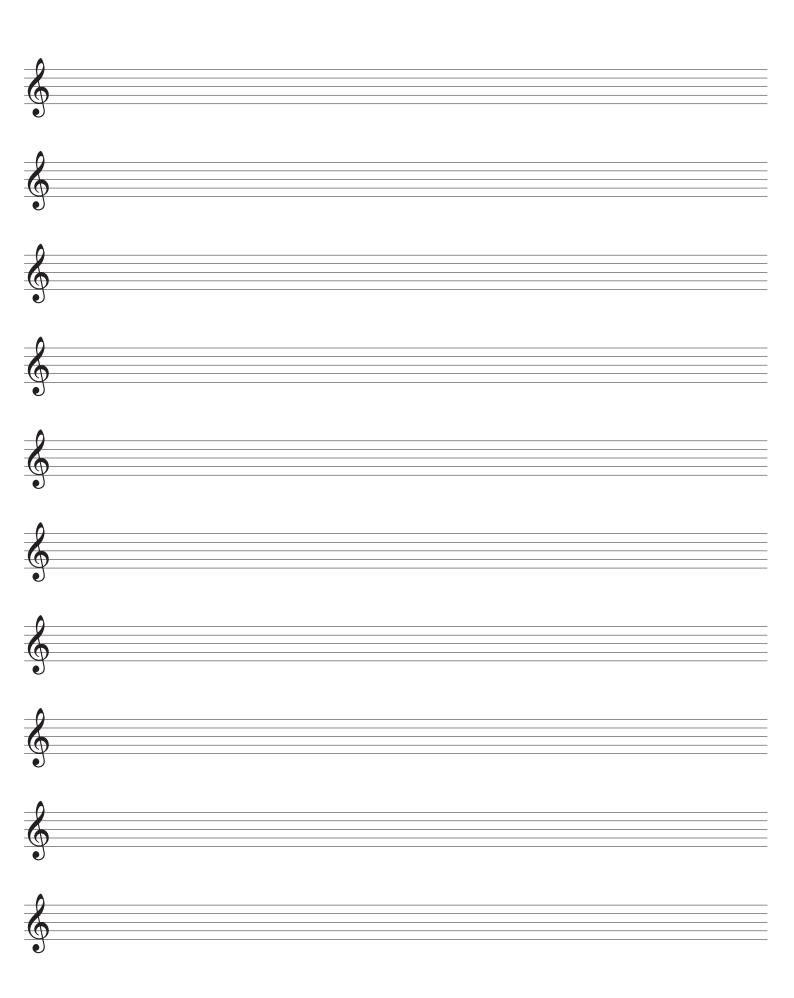
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